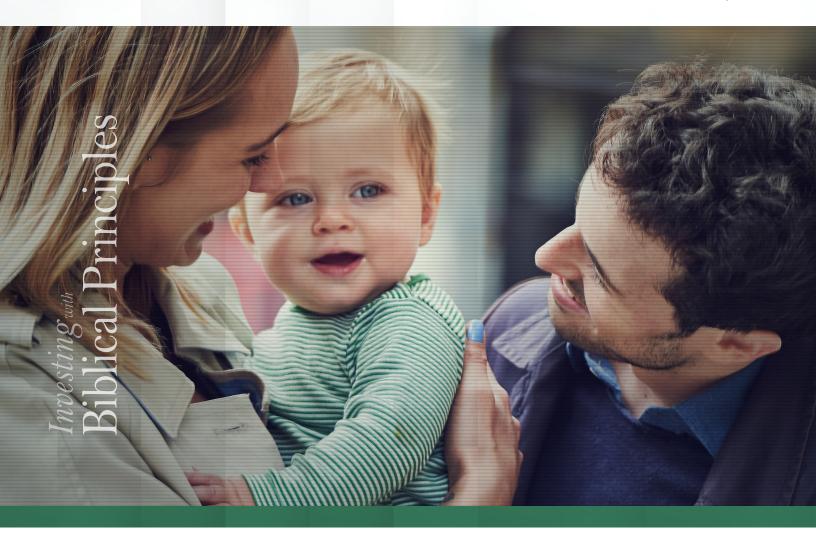
A Retirement Plan for Individuals

MARCH 1, 2025



ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT







Roth IRA

NEW ACCOUNT APPLICATION

Check here if amendment.

Account Registration

Account Registrat	1011				Cileck liefe II	amenument
IRA Owner Information FOR ASSISTANCE with this form, call Shareholder Services at (800) 662-0201, or the Timothy Plan at (800) 846-7526.	NAME (First, Initial, Last) DECEASED	D'S NAME (Inherited IRA)	GENDER: O Male O Female	DATE OF BIRTH	DATE OF	DEATH (if applicable)
O ESTABLISHED AFTER DEATH. Check to indicate the IRA is established after the death of the individual named on the right, with either a direct rollover or transfer. If checked, complete "Beneficiary IRA Owner Information" below.	CITY	_		STATE	STA	S. CITIZENSHIP ATUS: CITIZEN
	DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL (optional)		TAXPAYER ID NUMBER or SSN		RESIDENT ALIEN NONRESIDENT ALIEN
Your Beneficiaries	1.		O PER STIRPES			%
WARNING. If you do not name beneficiaries, your account will be paid out to your estate, and probably be subject to probate.	BENEFICIARY NAME TYPE: O Pro	imary 🔾 Contingent		DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP	PERCENTAGE
spousal consent: If you live in a	ADDRESS				TAXPAYE	R ID NUMBER or SSN

Amarital or community property state, and your spouse is not the sole primary beneficiary, your spouse must sign the Spousal Consent under Item 5 of this form.

I designate the following (as indicated):

PRIMARY BENEFICIARY(IES), to receive the percentage indicated of my Roth IRA Account in the event of my death.

CONTINGENT BENEFICIARY(IES), to receive the percentage indicated of my Roth IRA Account in the event of the death of my primary beneficiary(ies).

After your death, the Roth IRA assets will be distributed in equal shares (unless indicated otherwise) to the primary beneficiaries who survive you. You may revoke or change the beneficiary designation at any time by completing a new IRA Change of Beneficiary Form and providing it to the Custodian.

TRUSTS: To name a trust as your beneficiary, attach to this form either a copy of the pertinent pages of the trust agreement or a certification, in writing, acceptable to the IRA Custodian

PERCENTAGES: All stated percentages must be whole percentages (e.g., 33%, not 33.3%). If the percentages do not add up to 100%, each beneficiary's share will be based proportionately on the stated percentages.

1.		O PER STIRPES			%
BENEFICIARY NAME	TYPE: O Primary O Contingent		DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP	PERCENTAGE
ADDRESS				TAXPA	YER ID NUMBER or SSN
2.		O PER STIRPES			%
BENEFICIARY NAME	TYPE: O Primary O Contingent		DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP	PERCENTAGE
ADDRESS				TAXPA	YER ID NUMBER or SSN
3.		O PER STIRPES			%
BENEFICIARY NAME	TYPE: O Primary O Contingent		DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP	PERCENTAGE
ADDRESS				TAXPA	YER ID NUMBER or SSN
4.		O PER STIRPES			%
	TYPE: O Primary O Contingent		DATE OF BIRTH	RELATIONSHIP	PERCENTAGE

PER STIRPES: IF YOU WANT THE CHILDREN OF A BENEFICIARY YOU LISTED TO INHERIT THAT BENEFICIARY'S SHARE (IF THAT BENEFICIARY PREDECEASES YOU), CHECK THE PER STIRPES BOX(ES) ABOVE. THIS WILL OVERRIDE ANY SELECTIONS BELOW.

IF YOU DID NOT SELECT PER STIRPES, SELECT THE FOLLOWING THAT ACCURATELY REFLECTS YOUR WISHES FOR THOSE WHO ARE NOT DESIGNATED PER STIRPES. YOU MAY ALSO ATTACH A SEPARATE DESIGNATION DULY SIGNED, DATED AND WITNESSED.

- O The share of a primary beneficiary who predeceases me shall go to the primary beneficiary(ies) who survive me in the ratio that each such surviving primary beneficiary's(ies') percentage bears to the total percentage of all surviving primary beneficiary(ies).
- O The share of a primary beneficiary who predeceases me shall go to the contingent beneficiary(ies) who survive me in the ratio that each such surviving contingent beneficiary's(ies') percentage bears to the total percentage of all surviving contingent beneficiary(ies).

Beneficiary Roth IRA Owner Information

NOTE: Beneficiary Roth IRAs may only be established with assets acquired by a beneficiary due to the death of the individual named above.

NAME (First, Initial, Last)	GENDER: O	Male O Female DATE OF BIRTH	_
ADDRESS			
CITY		STATE	ZIP U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS:
DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL (optional)	TAXPAYER ID NUMBER or SSN	O CITIZEN O RESIDENT ALIEN O NONRESIDENT ALIEN



2 Contribution Information

Source of Funds	☐ Regular/Spousal Contribution	Amount: \$	Tax Year: 20	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Recharacterization: An irrevocable rechar-	☐ Conversion	Amount: \$	Current Account/Pl	an Number:
acterization election must be provided to		TYPE: O Traditional IRA		MPLE IRA
the IRA Custodian. Employer SEP Contribution: Complete and	☐ Recharacterization*			
retain Form 5305-SEP.	☐ Direct Transfer from a Roth IRA			
Direct Transfer: Complete and attach an IRA Transfer form.	Rollover			
Rollover: Complete and attach an IRA Direct Rollover form.	SOURCE: O Roth IRA O	Employer-Sponsored Plan (e.g., 4	401(a), 401(k), 403(b),	governmental 457(b))
SIMPLE: May not be converted to a Roth IRA until two years have elapsed from your	IS THE ROLLOVER BEING COMPLETE	D WITHIN 60 DAYS OF RECEIPT	OF THE DISTRIBUTIO	N?
initial participation in your employer's SIM- PLE IRA plan.	O YES, Rollover is within 60 days of	O NO, Rollover is NOT within	60 O Not App	licable, this is a DIRECT
60 DAYS: Rollover contributions rypically must be made within 60 days of distribution. Rollover contributions beyond 60 days will only be accepted if accompanied by a Self-Certification of Late Rollover/Conversion form.	receipt of the distribution.	days of receipt of the distrib	Roll- sponsore	from an employer- ed plan.
	O Qualified Birth or Adoption Distribu	ution(s) O Withdra	wal(s) for Terminal II	Iness
* We will not withhold federal taxes on re-characterizations.	O Qualified Reservist Distribution(s)	○ Emerge	ncy Personal Expense	Distribution(s)
	O Qualified Disaster Recovery Distrib		s) to Domestic Abuse Victim	
	,	,,	, ,	
	Other Explain:			
Group Plan	☐ Yes. This account will be part of a grou	ip plan. EMPLOYER NAME		PLAN NUMBER
Reduced Sales Charge	LETTER OF INTENT: Please be advised th tive amount of the Timothy Plan family of		rteen months, I intend	l to purchase a cumula-
class A & C shares combined.	□ \$50,000 □ \$100,000 □ \$	\$250,000	□ \$750,000	Over \$1 million
\$750,000 BREAKPOINT: This selection sonly applicable for Fixed Income and High field Bond Funds.	If you intend to invest a certain amount or share purchases. If the amount indicated purchased and any difference in the sales crowed shares. Please refer to the prosper	is not invested within 13 months, charge owed versus the sales cha	, regular sales charge	rates will apply to share
	RIGHT OF ACCUMULATION: The following chases to be calculated when assessing more chases are chases to be calculated when assessing more chases are chases as the chase chase chases are chased as the chase		nd should be included	in my aggregate pur-
				in my aggregate pur- 1.
A Transfer of the Control of the Con	chases to be calculated when assessing m	y reduced sales load. 3. ases. (Both sections must be select	cted to be processed.)	1.
FOR ADVISOR/FUND USE ONLY.	1. 2. This account is eligible for NAV purchal certify that O this account is eligible for the ligible for the	y reduced sales load. 3. ases. (Both sections must be select	cted to be processed.)	1.
for advisor/fund use only. nvestment Select	1. 2. This account is eligible for NAV purchal certify that O this account is eligible for the ligible for the	y reduced sales load. 3. ases. (Both sections must be selections option according to the terms	cted to be processed.)	1.
Net Asset Value (NAV) Por Advisor/Fund Use Only. Investment Select Your Fund Choices If no share class is indicated, a Class A share account will be established.	1. 2. This account is eligible for NAV purchal certify that O this account is eligible for the ligible for the	y reduced sales load. 3. ases. (Both sections must be selections option according to the terms) 20	cted to be processed.)	1.

4 Payment Method

Payment Method

Automatic Investment Plan	I authorize the fund's Agent to c count* on the attached voided o		tic Clearing House (ACH) debits	against the bank ac-
NOTE: Contributions made to your IRA using the automatic investment option will be	1. Amount (minimum \$50 per ac	ccount, per month or equivalent	·): \$	
for the current tax year. The bank account designated must have check or draft writing privileges. BENEFICIARY IRAS: Do not complete this section for Beneficiary IRAS.	2. Frequency (choose one):Semi-MonthlyMonthlyQuarterly	○ Semi-Annually ○ Annually		
	3. Day in which deposit should b	pegin (or the first business day t	hereafter, if a holiday or weeken	d):
	4. Month in which deposit shou	ld begin:		
	5. Fund(s):			
Bank Information	CHECKING OR SAVINGS ACCOU	JNT INFORMATION*		
*The bank account designated must have check or draft writing privileges.	NAME OF BANK		BANK'S PHONE NUMBER	ABA ROUTING NUMBER
NO CHECKS? If you do not have a check or preprinted deposit slip for this account, please contact your savings account provider	BANK ADDRESS			
or wiring instructions, or call (800) 662-0201.	CITY		STATE	ZIP
	NAME(S) ON BANK ACCOUNT	_	BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER	ACCOUNT TYPE: O CHECKING O SAVINGS
Distribution Plan	To establish a Distribution Plan (i pany at (800) 662-0201 .	to receive payments to you fror	n this account), please contact C	onstellation Trust Com
Telephone Transaction	If bank information is provided a provide bank information or not			
Privileges	NO, I DO NOT WANT THE FO	LLOWING PRIVILEGES:		
	☐ Telephone Purchase.	☐ Telephone Exchange.	☐ Telephone Redemption	_



Acknowledgment

Your	Signa	ture
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Warning. This application cannot be processed unless signed below by the Traditional (or Inherited) IRA Owner.

CURRENT MARITAL STATUS

- O I am not married I understand that if I become married in the future, I must complete a new beneficiary designation that includes the spousal consent provisions.
- Lam married Lunderstand that if Ldesignate a primary beneficiary other than my spouse, my spouse must sign below

NOTE: The Fund Custodian, Constellation Trust Company, charges \$25.00 per account number in connection with plan establishment and maintenance, of which, \$5.00 is remitted to the fund underwriter, Timothy Partners, Ltd.

By signing this Roth IRA Application, I certify that the information I have provided is true, correct, and complete, and the
Custodian (Constellation Trust Company, Post Office Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707) may rely on what I have pro-
vided. In addition, I have read and received copies of the Roth IRA Application, IRS Form 5305-RA, Disclosure Statement and
Financial Disclosure, including the applicable fee schedule. I agree to be bound to their terms and conditions. I understand
that I am responsible for the Roth IRA transactions I conduct, and I will indemnify and hold the Custodian harmless from
any consequences related to executing my directions. If I have indicated any amounts as "carryback" contributions, I un-
derstand the contributions will be credited for the prior tax year. I understand that if the deposit establishing the Roth IRA
contains rollover dollars, I elect to irrevocably designate this deposit as a rollover contribution. If I am an Inherited Roth
IRA Owner, I understand the distribution requirements and the contribution limitations applicable to Inherited Roth IRA
Owners. I have been advised to seek competent legal and tax advice and have not been provided any such advice from the
Custodian.

SIGNATURE OF ROTH IRA OWNER (OR INHERITED ROTH IRA OWNER) DATE

O I am exempt from the Foreign Account Tax Compliant Act. The IRS does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certification required to avoid backup withholding.

USA Patriot Act Notice

IMPORTANT INFORMATION: Under the USA Patriot Act, Federal law requires all financial institutions (including mutual funds) to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. The information you provide is used exclusively as required under the Patriot Act and to provide the services you have requested.

WHAT THIS MEANS FOR YOU: When you open an account, we will ask for your name, address, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask for additional identifying documents. The information is required for all owners, co-owners, or anyone who will be signing or completing a transaction on behalf of a legal entity that will own the account. We must return your application if any of this information is missing. If we are unable to verify this information, your account may be closed and you will be subject to all applicable costs. If you have any questions regarding this application, please call (800) 662-0201.

Spousal Consent

Roth IRA owners who reside in or whose IRA is located in a community or marital property state should review this section. This section may have important tax consequences to you and your spouse so please consult with a competent advisor prior to completing. If this is an Inherited Roth IRA, seek competent legal/ tax advice to see if spousal consent is required. If you are not currently married and you marry in the future, you must complete a new beneficiary designation that includes the spousal consent provisions.



NOTARY IS REQUIRED.

CONSENT OF SPOUSE

By signing below, I acknowledge that I am the spouse of the Roth IRA Owner and agree with and consent to my spouse's designation of a primary beneficiary other than, or in addition to, me. I have been advised to consult a competent advisor and I assume all responsibility regarding this consent. The Custodian has not provided me any legal or tax advice.

DATE

SIGNATURE OF SPOUSE

THE ABOVE CONSENT WAS SIGNED AND ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE ME ON THIS

day of ___

My commission expires:

SIGNATURE OF NOTARY PUBLIC

Acceptance by Custodian

CUSTODIAN USE ONLY.

The undersigned, as Custodian under the Plan, accepts the above Account and acknowledges receipt and acceptance of the Beneficiary Designation. Accepted by:

CONSTELLATION TRUST COMPANY

For Dealer Use Only

Your Financial Representative

IF APPLICABLE.

BROKER/DEALER NAME		BRANCH NUMBER	
BRANCH ADDRESS			
REPRESENTATIVE'S NAME	PRODUCER NUMBER	PHONE NUMBER	

Mailing Your Application

Return Completed Form

USE YOUR PREFERRED MAILING METHOD.

REGULAR DELIVERY:

Timothy Plan c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions. LLC PO Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707 OVERNIGHT DELIVERY:

Timothy Plan c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC 225 Pictoria Dr, Ste 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246

Phone | (800) 662-0201 Local | (402) 493-4603 Fax | (402) 963-9094

Roth IRA

Account Informat	ion		R E	QUEST FOR T	R A N S F
Participant / Owner Information	NAME (First, Initial, Last)	GENDER: ○ M	ale O Female DATE OF BIRTH		
i FOR ASSISTANCE with this form, call	NAME (First, Illidal, East)	GENDER. OW	ule Orelliule DATE OF BIRTH		
Shareholder Services at (800) 662-0201 , or the Timothy Plan at (800) 846-7526 .	ADDRESS		CITY,	STATE	ZIP
	DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER	TAXPAYER ID NUMBER or SSN	TIMOTHY PLAN ACCOUNT	NUMBER (if any)	
Account to be Tra	nsferred				
Current Custodian /					
Financial Institution	NAME OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTION (Truste	re, Custodian or Employer)	ACCOUNT NUMBER	PHONE NUMBER	
ATTACH a copy of your recent account					
statement from your present Custodian.	ADDRESS		CITY,	STATE	ZIP
Transfer Instruction	ons				
Asset Transfer	CURRENT PLAN TYPE: (Sele	ect One)	TYPE OF PLAN TRANS	FERRING TO: (Select	One)
TRANSFEREE CUSTODIAN/TRUSTEE may	☐ Roth IRA		☐ Roth IRA*		
require documentation if the minimum distribu- tion has not been satisfied prior to this transfer.	☐ Traditional IRA Conve		☐ Inherited (Beneficiary) IRA ○ Roth		
SIMPLE IRA funds cannot be transferred to a Roth IRA for two years following the date of the	☐ SIMPLE IRA Conversion ☐ Roth Employer-Spons		*The 10% default withholding rule is applicable on conv sions. In order to convert from a Traditional IRA to a RC		
initial SIMPLE contribution.	☐ Inherited (Beneficiary		IRA without any taxes	,	
Net Asset Value (NAV)	☐ This account is eligible for	or NAV purchases. (Both secti	ions must be selected to be p	orocessed.)	
for advisor/fund use only.	I certify that O this account	is eligible for this option accor	ding to the terms set forth in	n the fund prospectus.	
Assets to be Transferred	A. PAYMENT AMOUNT:	O My entire IRA Account.	○ A portion of	my IRA Account. \$	
PLEASE SEE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION INCLUDED WITH THIS FORM.	B. PAYMENT SCHEDULE:	O Immediately liquidate all O Liquidate the investment		n proceeds.	
NOTE: Penalties and market fluctuation may affect the distribution amount.	FUND(S) TO BE LIQUIDA	ATED ACCOUNT NUM	BER AMOUNT TO B	E TRANSFERREDSEN	T DATE
WIRE TRANSFERS: If you choose to wire-transfer your funds, contact your financial	1.		\$	%	
organization for information regarding any in- coming or outgoing wire-transfer fees that may	2.		\$	%	
apply.	-				

4 Investment Selection

Your Fund Choices	FUND NAME(S)	CLASS	ALLOCATION	FUND NAME(S)	CLASS	ALLOCATION
If no share class is indicated, a Class A share account will be established.	1.	ACI	\$%	4.	ACI	\$
TO PURCHASE CLASS I SHARES: You must be working with a Registered Investment	2.	ACI	\$ %	5.	ACI	\$ %
Advisor.	3.	ACI	\$%	6.	ACI	\$ %

В	Roth IRA REQUEST FOR TRANSF
	Reduced Sales C

Reduced Sales Charge	LETTER OF INTENT: Please be advised that over the course of the next thirteen months, I intend to purchase a cumulative amount of the Timothy Plan family of funds equal to or in excess of:						
Class A, & C shares combined.	□ \$50,000	\$100,000	\$250,000	□ \$500,000	□ \$750,000	Over \$1 million	
\$750,000 BREAKPOINT: This selection s only applicable for Fixed Income and High rield Bond Funds.	If you intend to invest a certain amount over a 13 month period, you may be entitled to reduced sales charges on Class share purchases. If the amount indicated is not invested within 13 months, regular sales charge rates will apply to shar purchased and any difference in the sales charge owed versus the sales charge previously paid will be deducted from a crowed shares. Please refer to the prospectus for terms and conditions.						
	RIGHT OF ACCUMULATION: The following accounts, if any, are related and should be included in my aggregate purchas to be calculated when assessing my reduced sales load.						
	1.	2.		3.		4.	
Tax Withholding N	lotice &	Election		P/OMB NO. 1545-007 EASURY, INTERNAL R			
NOTICE: The distributions you receive	estimated tax rule	s if your withholding	U.S. citizen or re	esident alien receiving	an Effective Date	:	
from your IRA are subject to Federal income tax withholding unless you waive		payments are not suf- aive state income tax		that is delivered outsides or its possessions, w	ith ODONOIW	ithhold Federal income	
withholding. You may waive withhold-		extent permitted by		red. That is, you may n	ot		
ing on your IRA distribution by return-		nsible for determin-		ng. If you are a non-re	o- laaa aaa!a	ithhold state income ta ed.	
ing a signed and dated IRS Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Pension or An-	0 1 7 0	Federal, and if applica- I taxes on distributions	,	may not use Form W-4 ome tax or to waive wit	1	D as indicated below.	
nuity Payments, or this substitute Form	from all IRAs you o	•		gn person should refer		at least 10%) Federal in-	
W-4P to your IRA Trustee or Custodian listed above. If you waive withholding		or elect an alternative nt, ten percent will be		515 and to Form W-8B	come tax, and	d % state in-	
on your IRA distribution, or if you do not	withheld from you	r nonperiodic IRA dis-		less a previous withho n place, you indicate a		ndicated), and (if additional amount	
have enough Federal income tax with- held from your IRA distribution, you may		ction is valid until you change your withhold-		ling amount below, or holding by indicating y	\$	Federal incon	
be responsible for payment of estimated tax. You may incur penalties under the	ing election by cor	npleting another Form e. Also note, if you are a	election below,	ten percent will be wi IRA distribution.		st permitted).	
Acknowledgment							
Your Signature WARNING. This application will not be processed unless signed below by the Roth IRA Owner (or Beneficiary Roth IRA Owner). SIGNATURE GUARANTEE: Your current trustee/custodian may require a guaranteed signature. Contact them for signature requirements.	is the transferee plan administrat stand I should so a separate cond stand that my cu	custodian/trustee. I co for to send my assets a seek the guidance of a to uit account, it is my res	ertify that the info s set forth in this ax or legal profest ponsibility to kee t provide legal ac	ormation contained o form. I understand th sional with regard to ep my conduit accoun dvice. I indemnify and	n this form is true a nat my direct rollove this decision. I unde t separate from my agree to hold the c	stellation Trust Compaind correct. I direct the er is irrevocable. I unde erstand that if I establish other accounts. I unde ustodian/trustee harm decision.	
	SIGNATURE OF IRA OW (or Inherited IRA Owner)	NER					
	DATE	_					
						_	
To Current Trustoo /							
To Current Trustee / Custodian		rustee signing below ag imothy Plan IRA establi				rollover assets describe	
FOR SUCCESSOR AND CURRENT CUSTODIAN ONLY.	CONSTELLATION TRUST	COMPANY		DATE			
	DELIVERY INST	RUCTIONS					
	A. IRA Account N						
	B. Make check p	ayable to or certificate	registration in th	e name of			

Mailing Your Application

Return Completed Form

REGULAR DELIVERY:

OVERNIGHT DELIVERY:

USE YOUR PREFERRED MAILING METHOD.

Timothy Plan c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC PO Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707 Timothy Plan Phone | (800) 662-0201 c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC

Local | (402) 493-4603 225 Pictoria Dr, Ste 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246 Fax | (402) 963-9094

FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. It is in your best interest to seek the guidance of a tax or legal professional before completing this document. Your first reference should be the IRA agreement and disclosure statement you received upon establishing your IRA or amendments provided by your custodian/trustee. For more information refer to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Publication 590-Individual Retirement Arrangements, IRS Publication 505-Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax, instructions to your federal income tax return, your local IRS office, or the IRS's web site at www.irs.gov.

Roth IRA

529 PLAN-TO-ROTH IRA DIRECT ROLLOVER REQUEST

Current Custodian / Financial Institution

ATTACH a copy of your recent account statement from your present Custodian.

NAME OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTION (Trustee, Custodian or Employer)

ACCOUNT NUMBER

DATE OF BIRTH

PHONE NUMBER

Post Office Box 46407

DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER

Cincinnati

OH 45246-0707

ADDRESS

CITY, STATE ZIP

2 Roth IRA Owner Information

IRA Owner Information

FOR ASSISTANCE with this form, call Shareholder Services at (800) 662-0201, or the Timothy Plan at (800) 846-7526.

 \bigcirc **ESTABLISHED AFTER DEATH.** Check to

indicate the IRA is established after the death of the individual named on the right, with either a direct rollover or transfer. If checked, complete "Beneficiary IRA Owner Information' below.

NAME (First, Initial, Last)		GENDER: O Male	O Female	DATE OF BIRTH	TAXPAYER ID NUMBER OR SSN
RESIDENCE ADDRESS					
CITY			STATE		U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS:
	_		JIAIL	ZIF	O CITIZEN O RESIDENT ALIEN O NONRESIDENT ALIEN
DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL (optional)		ROI	TH IRA ACCOUNT/PLAN NUMBER	

Distributing 529 Plan Information

Plan Information	PLAN NAME			PLAN ACCOUNT NUMBER	PLAN PHOI	NE
	ADDRESS		СІТҮ,		STATE	ZIP
Account Holder Information	NAME (First, Initial, Last)		GENDER: O Male O Female	TAXPAYER ID NUMBER OR SSN		
Designated Beneficiary (Student) Information	NAME (First, Initial, Last)	EMAIL	GENDER: O Male O Female	TAXPAYER ID NUMBER OR SSN		

Direct Rollover Request

Check the box below to request a direct rollover of 529 plan assets to a Roth IRA

☐ I request that the provider of the 529 plan identified above in Part II directly roll over 529 savings to the receiving Roth IRA identified above in Part I in accordance with the instructions below.

I understand that to request this direct rollover, I must meet the eligibility requirements in the Internal Revenue Code, Treasury Regulations, and other applicable guidance, including the following:

- The 529 plan of the designated beneficiary must have been maintained for at least 15 years as of the date of such distribution.
- 529 plan contributions made within the prior fiveyear period ending on the date of the distribution (and earnings attributable to those contributions) cannot be included in the amount requested to be rolled over

EMAIL

- The amount requested for rollover must not exceed the eligible amount. For tax year 2024, the maximum eligible amount is equal to \$7,000 (or \$8,000, if age 50 or older before the end of the tax year) not to exceed the Roth IRA owner's compensation (i.e., earned income) for the tax year. This amount, however, must be reduced for any other contributions made by the Roth IRA owner for the tax year to any Roth or Traditional IRAs. In addition, if the Roth IRA
- owner is married and filing a joint federal income tax return, the total amount that the Roth IRA owner and the spouse may roll over from 529 plans and contribute to Traditional and Roth IRAs in aggregate must not exceed the combined compensation of both spouses for that same tax year.
- The maximum lifetime limit that may be rolled over to your Roth IRAs from a 529 plan, in aggregate, must not exceed \$35,000 (subject to adjustments authorized by the federal government).
- The 529 plan assets must be paid directly to a Roth IRA maintained for the benefit of the Designated Beneficiary.

Contribution Desig	gnation Year		
WARNING: Complete this section only if the 529 plan savings will be deposited to the Roth IRA between January 1 and the taxpayer's due date (excluding extensions) for filing their federal income return (i.e., typically April 15th).	I designate the Roth IRA contribution for the: O Current	e 529 savings as a prior-ye	
Amount of Withd	rawal		
Withdrawal Instructions	SELECT ONE:		
	☐ Entire Balance (I wish to withdraw my entire account balance)☐ Partial Withdrawal (I wish to make a one-time, partial withdrawal)		
Investment Inforn	nation		
Investment Withdrawal	☐ I wish to withdraw the requested amount on a pro rata basis	across all investments.	
PLEASE INDICATE THE INVESTMENT(S) FROM WHICH THE ASSETS ARE TO BE WITHDRAWN. O ADDENDUM ATTACHED. Addendum is	☐ I wish to withdraw the requested amount from my investmen (Indicate the investments from which the withdrawal should be 33%, not 33 1/3%).)		
attached for additional investments. (If you need additional space to list investments, attach a	INVESTMENT DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT OF WITHD	RAWAL DATE
separate sheet that includes all the information requested above. Sign and date the sheet.)	1.	\$	<u>%</u>
	2.	\$	<u>%</u>
	3.	\$	%
	TOTAL:	\$	<u>~~~~</u>
Delivery Instructions FOR SUCCESSOR AND CURRENT CUSTODIAN ONLY.	DELIVERY INSTRUCTIONS By Wire. For wire instructions call (800) 662-0201. By Check. Make check payable as follows:		
	Constellation Trust Company		
	NAME OF RECEIVING ROTH IRA CUSTODIAN/TRUSTEE		
	as the O Trustee O Custodian FBO NAME OF ROTH IRA OWNER		Roth IRA.
Asknowladamant			
Acknowledgment			
Your Signature MARNING. This application will not be processed unless signed below by the Roth IRA Owner (or Beneficiary Roth IRA Owner). SIGNATURE GUARANTEE: Your current trustee/custodian may require a guaranteed signature. Contact them for signature require-	By signing this 529 Plan-to-Roth IRA Direct Rollover Request, I cert derstand that I am responsible for ensuring that I am eligible to au any consequences that arise from my actions. I have been advised been given any such advice from the Trustee/Custodian. I elect to bution. I indemnify and hold the Trustee/Custodian harmless from authorize the sponsor of the 529 plan to directly roll over the plan	thorize this rollover, and I to seek competent legal a irrevocably designate this any consequences related	assume all responsibility and tax advice and have deposit as a rollover coduce to executing my direct
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c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC

225 Pictoria Dr, Ste 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246

Local | (402) 493-4603

Fax | (402) 963-9094

c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC

PO Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707

ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT AGREEMENT

Form 5305-RA under section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code.

FORM (Rev. April 2017)

The depositor named on the application is establishing a Roth individual retirement account (Roth IRA) under section 408A to provide for his or her retirement and for the support of his or her beneficiaries after death.

The custodian named on the application has given the depositor the disclosure statement required by Regulations section 1.408-6.

The depositor has assigned the custodial account the sum indicated on the application.

The depositor and the custodian make the following agreement:

ARTICLE I

Except in the case of a qualified rollover contribution described in section 408A(e) or a recharacterized contribution described in section 408A(d)(6), the custodian will accept only cash contributions up to \$5,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For individuals who have reached the age of 50 by the end of the year, the contribution limit is increased to \$6,500 per year for tax years 2013 through 2017. For years after 2017, these limits will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any.

ARTICLE II

- 1. The annual contribution limit described in Article I is gradually reduced to \$0 for higher income levels. For a depositor who is single or treated as a single, the annual contribution is phased out between adjusted gross income (AGI) of \$118,000 and \$133,000; for a married depositor filing jointly, between AGI of \$186,000 and \$196,000; and for a married depositor filing separately, between AGI of \$0 and \$10,000. These phase-out ranges are for 2017. For years after 2017, the phase-out ranges, except for the \$0 to \$10,000 range, will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any. Adjusted gross income is defined in section 408A(c)(3).
- 2. In the case of a joint return, the AGI limits in the preceding paragraph apply to the combined AGI of the depositor and his or her spouse.

ARTICLE III

The depositor's interest in the balance in the custodial account is nonforfeitable.

ARTICLE IV

- No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the custodial account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).
- No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

ARTICLE V

- If the depositor dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her and the depositor's surviving spouse is not the designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraph (a) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with paragraph (b) below:
 - (a) The remaining interest will be distributed, starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the depositor's death, over the designated beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the depositor.
 - (b) The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the depositor's death.

- 2. The minimum amount that must be distributed each year under paragraph 1(a) above is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the designated beneficiary using the attained age of the beneficiary in the year following the year of the depositor's death and subtracting one from the divisor for each subsequent year.
- 3. If the depositor's surviving spouse is the designated beneficiary, such spouse will then be treated as the depositor.

ARTICLE VI

- The depositor agrees to provide the custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408A(d)(3)(E), Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6, or other guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- 2. The custodian agrees to submit to the IRS and depositor the reports prescribed by the IRS.

ARTICLE VII

Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through IV and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 408A, the related regulations, and other published guidance will be invalid.

ARTICLE VIII

This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code, the related Regulations, and other published guidance. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signatures appear on the application.

ARTICLE IX

- 9.01 **Definitions** In this part of this agreement (Article IX), the words "you" and "your" mean the depositor. The words "we," "us," and "our" mean the custodian. The word "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code, and "regulations" means the Treasury regulations.
- 9.02 Notices and Change of Address Any required notice regarding this Roth IRA will be considered effective when we send it to the intended recipient at the last address that we have in our records. Any notice to be given to us will be considered effective when we actually receive it. You, or the intended recipient, must notify us of any change of address.
- 9.03 Representations and Responsibilities You represent and warrant to us that any information you have given or will give us with respect to this agreement is complete and accurate. Further, you agree that any directions you give us or action you take will be proper under this agreement, and that we are entitled to rely upon any such information or directions. If we fail to receive directions from you regarding any transaction, if we receive ambiguous directions regarding any transaction, or if we, in good faith, believe that any transaction requested is in dispute, we reserve the right to take no action until further clarification acceptable to us is received from you or the appropriate government or judicial authority. We will not be responsible for losses of any kind that may result from your directions to us or your actions or failures to act, and you agree to reimburse us for any loss we may incur as a result of such directions, actions, or failures to act. We will not be responsible for any penalties, taxes, judgments, or expenses you incur in connection with your Roth IRA. We have no duty to determine whether your contributions or distributions comply with the Code, regulations, rulings, or this agreement.

We may permit you to appoint, through written notice acceptable to us, an authorized agent to act on your behalf with respect to this agreement (e.g., attorney-in-fact, executor, administrator, investment manager), but we have no duty to determine the validity of such appointment or any instrument appointing such authorized agent. We will not be responsible for losses of any kind that may result from directions, actions, or failures to act by your authorized agent, and you agree to reimburse us for any loss we may incur as a result of such directions, actions, or failures to act by your authorized agent.

You will have 60 days after you receive any documents, statements, or other information from us to notify us in writing of any errors or inaccuracies reflected in these documents, statements, or other information. If you do not notify us within 60 days, the documents, statements, or other information will be deemed correct and accurate, and we will have no further liability or obligation for such documents, statements, other information, or the transactions described therein.

By performing services under this agreement we are acting as your agent. You acknowledge and agree that nothing in this agreement will be construed as conferring fiduciary status upon us. We will not be required to perform any additional services unless specifically agreed to under the terms and conditions of this agreement, or as required under the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder with respect to Roth IRAs. You agree to indemnify and hold us harmless for any and all claims, actions, proceedings, damages, judgments, liabilities, costs, and expenses, including attorney's fees arising from or in connection with this agreement.

To the extent written instructions or notices are required under this agreement, we may accept or provide such information in any other form permitted by the Code or applicable regulations including, but not limited to, electronic communication.

- 9.04 Disclosure of Account Information We may use agents and/or subcontractors to assist in administering your Roth IRA. We may release nonpublic personal information regarding your Roth IRA to such providers as necessary to provide the products and services made available under this agreement, and to evaluate our business operations and analyze potential product, service, or process improvements.
- 9.05 Service Fees We have the right to charge an annual service fee or other designated fees (e.g., a transfer, rollover, or termination fee) for maintaining your Roth IRA. In addition, we have the right to be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses, including legal expenses, we incur in connection with the administration of your Roth IRA. We may charge you separately for any fees or expenses, or we may deduct the amount of the fees or expenses from the assets in your Roth IRA at our discretion. We reserve the right to charge any additional fee after giving you 30 days' notice. Fees such as subtransfer agent fees or commissions may be paid to us by third parties for assistance in performing certain transactions with respect to this Roth IRA.

Any brokerage commissions attributable to the assets in your Roth IRA will be charged to your Roth IRA. You cannot reimburse your Roth IRA for those commissions.

9.06 Investment of Amounts in the Roth IRA – You have exclusive responsibility for and control over the investment of the assets of your Roth IRA. All transactions will be subject to any and all restrictions or limitations, direct or indirect, that are imposed by our charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws; any and all applicable federal and state laws and regulations; the rules, regulations, customs and usages of any exchange, market or clearing house where the transaction is executed; our policies and

practices; and this agreement. After your death, your beneficiaries will have the right to direct the investment of your Roth IRA assets, subject to the same conditions that applied to you during your lifetime under this agreement (including, without limitation, Section 9.03 of this article). We will have no discretion to direct any investment in your Roth IRA. We assume no responsibility for rendering investment advice with respect to your Roth IRA, nor will we offer any opinion or judgment to you on matters concerning the value or suitability of any investment or proposed investment for your Roth IRA. In the absence of instructions from you, or if your instructions are not in a form acceptable to us, we will have the right to hold any uninvested amounts in cash, and we will have no responsibility to invest uninvested cash unless and until directed by you. We will not exercise the voting rights and other shareholder rights with respect to investments in your Roth IRA unless you provide timely written directions acceptable to us.

You will select the investment for your Roth IRA assets from those investments that we are authorized by our charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws to offer and do in fact offer for Roth IRAs (e.g., term share accounts, passbook accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts.) We may in our sole discretion make available to you additional investment offerings, which will be limited to publicly traded securities, mutual funds, money market instruments, and other investments that are obtainable by us and that we are capable of holding in the ordinary course of our business.

9.07 Beneficiaries – If you die before you receive all of the amounts in your Roth IRA, payments from your Roth IRA will be made to your beneficiaries. We have no obligation to pay to your beneficiaries until such time we are notified of your death by receiving a valid death certificate.

You may designate one or more persons or entities as beneficiary of your Roth IRA. This designation can only be made on a form provided by or acceptable to us, and it will only be effective when it is filed with us during your lifetime. Each beneficiary designation you file with us will cancel all previous designations. The consent of your beneficiaries will not be required for you to revoke a beneficiary designation. If you have designated both primary and contingent beneficiaries and no primary beneficiary survives you, the contingent beneficiaries will acquire the designated share of your Roth IRA. If you do not designate a beneficiary or if all of your primary and contingent beneficiaries predecease you, your estate will be the beneficiary.

If your surviving spouse is the designated beneficiary, your spouse may elect to treat your Roth IRA as his or her own Roth IRA, and would not be subject to the required minimum distribution rules. Your surviving spouse will also be entitled to such additional beneficiary payment options as are granted under the Code or applicable regulations.

We may allow, if permitted by state law, an original Roth IRA beneficiary (the beneficiary who is entitled to receive distributions from an inherited Roth IRA at the time of your death) to name successor beneficiaries for the inherited Roth IRA. This designation can only be made on a form provided by or acceptable to us, and it will only be effective when it is filed with us during the original Roth IRA beneficiary's lifetime. Each beneficiary designation form that the original Roth IRA beneficiary files with us will cancel all previous designations. The consent of a successor beneficiary will not be required for the original Roth IRA beneficiary to revoke a successor beneficiary designation. If the original Roth IRA beneficiary does not designate a successor beneficiary, his or her estate will be the successor beneficiary. In no event will the successor beneficiary be able to extend the distribution period beyond that required for the original Roth IRA beneficiary.

If we so choose, for any reason (e.g., due to limitations of our charter or bylaws), we may require that a beneficiary of a deceased Roth IRA owner take total distribution of all Roth IRA assets by December 31 of the year following the year of death.

Termination of Agreement, Resignation, or Removal of Custodian — Either party may terminate this agreement at any time by giving written notice to the other. We can resign as custodian at any time effective 30 days after we send written notice of our resignation to you. Upon receipt of that notice, you must make arrangements to transfer your Roth IRA to another financial organization. If you do not complete a transfer of your Roth IRA within 30 days from the date we send the notice to you, we have the right to transfer your Roth IRA assets to a successor Roth IRA trustee or custodian that we choose in our sole discretion, or we may pay your Roth IRA to you in a single sum. We will not be liable for any actions or failures to act on the part of any successor trustee or custodian, nor for any tax consequences you may incur that result from the transfer or distribution of your assets pursuant to this section.

If this agreement is terminated, we may charge to your Roth IRA a reasonable amount of money that we believe is necessary to cover any associated costs, including but not limited to one or more of the following.

- Any fees, expenses, or taxes chargeable against your Roth IRA
- Any penalties or surrender charges associated with the early withdrawal of any savings instrument or other investment in your Roth IRA

If we are a nonbank custodian required to comply with Regulations section 1.408-2(e) and we fail to do so or we are not keeping the records, making the returns, or sending the statements as are required by forms or regulations, the IRS may require us to substitute another trustee or custodian.

We may establish a policy requiring distribution of the entire balance of your Roth IRA to you in cash or property if the balance of your Roth IRA drops below the minimum balance required under the applicable investment or policy established.

- 9.09 Successor Custodian If our organization changes its name, reorganizes, merges with another organization (or comes under the control of any federal or state agency), or if our entire organization (or any portion that includes your Roth IRA) is bought by another organization, that organization (or agency) will automatically become the trustee or custodian of your Roth IRA, but only if it is the type of organization authorized to serve as a Roth IRA trustee or custodian.
- 9.10 Amendments We have the right to amend this agreement at any time. Any amendment we make to comply with the Code and related regulations does not require your consent. You will be deemed to have consented to any other amendment unless, within 30 days from the date we send the amendment, you notify us in writing that you do not consent.
- 9.11 Withdrawals or Transfers All requests for withdrawal or transfer will be in writing on a form provided by or acceptable to us. The method of distribution must be specified in writing or in any other method acceptable to us. The tax identification number of the recipient must be provided to us before we are obligated to make a distribution. Withdrawals will be subject to all applicable tax and other laws and regulations, including but not limited to possible early distribution penalty taxes, surrender charges, and withholding requirements.

You are not required to take a distribution from your Roth IRA during your lifetime. At your death, however, your beneficiaries must begin taking distributions in accordance with Article V and section 9.07 of this article. We will make no distributions to you from your Roth IRA until you provide us with a written request for a distribution on a form provided by or acceptable to us.

- 9.12 Transfers From Other Plans We can receive amounts transferred to this Roth IRA from the trustee or custodian of another Roth IRA as permitted by the Code. In addition, we can accept rollovers of eligible rollover distributions from employer-sponsored retirement plans as permitted by the Code. We reserve the right not to accept any transfer.
- 9.13 Liquidation of Assets We have the right to liquidate assets in your Roth IRA if necessary to make distributions or to pay fees, expenses, taxes, penalties, or surrender charges properly chargeable against your Roth IRA. If you fail to direct us as to which assets to liquidate, we will decide, in our complete and sole discretion, and you agree to not hold us liable for any adverse consequences that result from our decision.
- 9.14 **Restrictions on the Fund** Neither you nor any beneficiary may sell, transfer, or pledge any interest in your Roth IRA in any manner whatsoever, except as provided by law or this agreement.

The assets in your Roth IRA will not be responsible for the debts, contracts, or torts of any person entitled to distributions under this agreement.

9.15 What Law Applies – This agreement is subject to all applicable federal and state laws and regulations. If it is necessary to apply any state law to interpret and administer this agreement, the law of our domicile will govern.

If any part of this agreement is held to be illegal or invalid, the remaining parts will not be affected. Neither your nor our failure to enforce at any time or for any period of time any of the provisions of this agreement will be construed as a waiver of such provisions, or your right or our right thereafter to enforce each and every such provision.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

PURPOSE OF FORM

Form 5305-RA is a model custodial account agreement that meets the requirements of section 408A. However, only Articles I through VIII have been reviewed by the IRS. A Roth individual retirement account (Roth IRA) is established after the form is fully executed by both the individual (depositor) and the custodian. This account must be created in the United States for the exclusive benefit of the depositor and his or her beneficiaries.

Do not file Form 5305-RA with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records.

Unlike contributions to Traditional individual retirement arrangements, contributions to a Roth IRA are not deductible from the depositor's gross income; and distributions after five years that are made when the depositor is 59½ years of age or older or on account of death, disability, or the purchase of a home by a first-time homebuyer (limited to \$10,000), are not includible in gross income. For more information on Roth IRAs, including the required disclosures the custodian must give the depositor, see Pub. 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), and Pub. 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

DEFINITIONS

Custodian – The custodian must be a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in section 408(n), or any person who has the approval of the IRS to act as custodian.

Depositor – The depositor is the person who establishes the custodial account.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Article I – The depositor may be subject to a six percent tax on excess contributions if (1) contributions to other individual retirement arrangements of the depositor have been made for the same tax year, (2) the depositor's adjusted gross income exceeds the applicable limits in Article II for the tax year, or (3) the depositor's and spouse's compensation is less than the amount contributed by or on behalf of them for the tax year.

Article V – This article describes how distributions will be made from the Roth IRA after the depositor's death. Elections made pursuant to this article should be reviewed periodically to ensure they correspond to the depositor's intent. Under paragraph three of Article V, the depositor's spouse is treated as the owner of the Roth IRA upon the death of the depositor, rather than as the beneficiary. If the spouse is to be treated as the beneficiary and not the owner, an overriding provision should be added to Article IX.

Article IX – Article IX and any that follow it may incorporate additional provisions that are agreed to by the depositor and custodian to complete the agreement. They may include, for example, definitions, investment powers, voting rights, exculpatory provisions, amendment and termination, removal of the custodian, custodian's fees, state law requirements, beginning date of distributions, accepting only cash, treatment of excess contributions, prohibited transactions with the depositor, etc. Attach additional pages if necessary.

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

RIGHT TO REVOKE YOUR ROTH IRA

You have the right to revoke your Roth IRA within seven days of the receipt of the disclosure statement. If revoked, you are entitled to a full return of the contribution you made to your Roth IRA. The amount returned to you would not include an adjustment for such items as sales commissions, administrative expenses, or fluctuation in market value. You may make this revocation only by mailing or delivering a written notice to the custodian at the address listed on the application.

If you send your notice by first class mail, your revocation will be deemed mailed as of the postmark date.

If you have any questions about the procedure for revoking your Roth IRA, please call the custodian at the telephone number listed on the application.

REQUIREMENTS OF A ROTH IRA

- A. Cash Contributions Your contribution must be in cash, unless it is a rollover or conversion contribution.
- B. Maximum Contribution The total amount you may contribute to a Roth IRA for any taxable year cannot exceed the lesser of 100 percent of your compensation or \$7,000 (for 2024 and 2025), with possible cost-of-living adjustments each year thereafter. If you also maintain a Traditional IRA (i.e., an IRA subject to the limits of Internal Revenue Code Sections (IRC Secs.) 408(a) or 408(b)), the maximum contribution to your Roth IRAs is reduced by any contributions you make to your Traditional IRAs. Your total annual contribution to all Roth IRAs and Traditional IRAs cannot exceed the lesser of the dollar amounts described above or 100 percent of your compensation.

Your Roth IRA contribution is further limited if your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) equals or exceeds \$230,000 (for 2024) or \$236,000 (for 2025) if you are a married individual filing a joint income tax return, or equals or exceeds \$146,000 (for 2024) or \$150,000 (for 2025) if you are a single individual. Married individuals filing a joint income tax return with MAGI equaling or exceeding \$240,000 (for 2024) or \$246,000 (for 2025) may not fund a Roth IRA. Single individuals with MAGI equaling or exceeding \$161,000 (for 2024) or \$165,000 (for 2025) may not fund a Roth IRA. Married individuals filing a separate income tax return with MAGI equaling or exceeding \$10,000 may not fund a Roth IRA. The MAGI limits described above are subject to cost-of-living increases for tax years beginning after 2025.

If you are married filing a joint income tax return and your MAGI is between the applicable MAGI phase-out range for the year, your maximum Roth IRA contribution is determined as follows. (1) Begin with the appropriate MAGI phase-out maximum for the applicable year and subtract your MAGI; (2) divide this total by the difference between the phase-out range maximum and minimum; and (3) multiply this number by the maximum allowable contribution for the applicable year, including catch-up contributions if you are age 50 or older. For example, if you are age 30 with MAGI of \$241,000, your maximum Roth IRA contribution for 2025 is \$3,500 ([\$246,000 minus \$241,000] divided by \$10,000 and multiplied by \$7,000).

If you are single and your MAGI is between the applicable MAGI phase-out for the year, your maximum Roth IRA contribution is determined as follows. (1) Begin with the appropriate MAGI phase-out maximum for the applicable year and subtract your MAGI; (2) divide this total by the difference between the phase-out range maximum and minimum; and (3) multiply this number by the maximum allowable contribution for the applicable year, including catch-up contributions if you are age 50 or older. For example, if you are age 30 with MAGI of \$153,000, your maximum Roth IRA contribution for 2025 is \$5,600 ([\$165,000 minus \$153,000] divided by \$15,000 and multiplied by \$7,000).

- C. Contribution Eligibility You are eligible to make a regular contribution to your Roth IRA, regardless of your age, if you have compensation for the taxable year for which the contribution is made and your MAGI is below the maximum threshold. Your Roth IRA contribution is not limited by your participation in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, other than a Traditional IRA.
- D. Catch-Up Contributions If you are age 50 or older by the close of the taxable year, you may make an additional contribution to your Roth IRA. The maximum additional contribution is \$1,000 per year. This amount is subject to possible cost-of-living adjustments each year beginning in tax year 2025.
- E. Nonforfeitability Your interest in your Roth IRA is nonforfeitable.
- F. Eligible Custodians The custodian of your Roth IRA must be a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or a person or entity approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- G. Commingling Assets The assets of your Roth IRA cannot be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.
- H. Life Insurance No portion of your Roth IRA may be invested in life insurance contracts.
- I. Collectibles You may not invest the assets of your Roth IRA in collectibles (within the meaning of IRC Sec. 408(m)). A collectible is defined as any work of art, rug or antique, metal or gem, stamp or coin, alcoholic beverage, or other tangible personal property specified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). However, specially minted United States gold and silver coins, and certain state-issued coins are permissible investments. Platinum coins and certain gold, silver, platinum, or palladium bullion (as described in IRC Sec. 408(m)(3)) are also permitted as Roth IRA investments.
- J. Beneficiary Distributions Upon your death, your beneficiaries are required to take distributions according to IRC Sec. 401(a)(9) and Treasury Regulation 1.408-8. These requirements are described below.
 - Death of Roth IRA Owner Before January 1, 2020 Your designated beneficiary is determined based on the beneficiaries designated as of the date of your death, who remain your beneficiaries as of September 30 of the year following the year of your death. The entire amount remaining in your account will, at the election of your designated beneficiaries, either
 - (a) be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of your death, or
 - (b) be distributed over the remaining life expectancy of your designated beneficiaries.

If your spouse is your sole designated beneficiary, he or she must elect either option (a) or (b) by the earlier of December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of your death, or December 31 of the year life expectancy payments would be required to begin. Your designated beneficiaries, other than a spouse who is the sole designated beneficiary, must elect either option (a) or (b) by December 31 of the year following the year of your death. If no election is made, distribution will be calculated in accordance with option (b). In the case of distributions under option (b), distributions must commence by December 31 of the year following the year of your death. Generally, if your spouse is the designated beneficiary, distributions need not commence until December 31 of the year you would have attained required minimum distribution (RMD) age (as described below), if later. If a beneficiary other than a person or qualified trust as defined in the Treasury Regulations is named, you

will be treated as having no designated beneficiary of your Roth IRA for purposes of determining the distribution period. If there is no designated beneficiary of your Roth IRA, the entire Roth IRA must be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of your death.

Applicable Age for RMDs – The applicable age for RMDs is age 70½ if you were born before July 1, 1949; age 72 if you were born on or after July 1, 1949, but before January 1, 1951; age 73 if you were born on or after January 1, 1951, but before January 1, 1960; and age 75 if you were born on or after January 1, 1960.

2. Death of Roth IRA Owner On or After January 1, 2020 – Upon your death, your Roth IRA will be paid to your beneficiary. The beneficiary's options for payment will differ depending on whether the beneficiary is an eligible designated beneficiary, a designated beneficiary, or a nonperson beneficiary. The options described below assume that separate accounting for the inherited Roth IRA is established by December 31 of the year following the year of your death. If separate accounting is not established by this date, your beneficiaries' options may be further limited, and payments may be accelerated. Beneficiaries should consult with their tax professional or attorney for a determination of their distribution options and payment calculations.

Designated Beneficiary. A designated beneficiary is an individual who is a beneficiary specified under the Roth IRA. Certain seethrough trusts may also qualify as a designated beneficiary under the Roth IRA for purposes of determining available payment options and distribution calculations. For purposes of determining the RMD due after your death, a designated beneficiary is determined based on the beneficiaries designated as of the date of your death, who remain your beneficiaries as of September 30 of the year following the year of your death.

Eligible Designated Beneficiary. An eligible designated beneficiary is any designated beneficiary who, as of the date of your death, is one of the following:

- your surviving spouse,
- · your child who has not reached age 21,
- a disabled individual (a physician must determine that the impairment can be expected to result in death or to be of long, continued, and indefinite duration),
- an individual who is not more than 10 years younger than you, or
- a chronically ill individual (the individual must have been certified by a licensed health care practitioner that, as of the date of the certification, the individual is someone who
 - is unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another individual) at least two activities of daily living for an indefinite period that is reasonably expected to be lengthy in nature due to a loss of functional capacity,
 - 2. has a level of disability similar to the level of disability described above requiring assistance with daily living based on a loss of functional capacity, or
 - requires substantial supervision to protect the individual from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment).

(a) Payment Options for Beneficiaries.

Designated Beneficiary. The entire amount remaining in your account will generally be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the tenth anniversary of your death unless you have an eligible designated beneficiary, or you have no designated beneficiary for purposes of determining a distribution period. This 10-year rule is not subject to an annual distribution requirement.

Eligible Designated Beneficiary. If your beneficiary is an eligible designated beneficiary, the beneficiary may choose to distribute the entire amount remaining in your account by using either the:

- (i) 10-year rule: This option requires a total distribution of the entire account by December 31 of the year containing the tenth anniversary of your death. No annual payment is required under this option.
- (ii) Life expectancy payment option: Annual payments taken over the remaining life expectancy of the eligible designated beneficiary.

If your spouse is your sole eligible designated beneficiary, he or she must elect either the 10-year rule or life expectancy payments by the earlier of December 31 of the year containing the tenth anniversary of your death, or December 31 of the year you would have attained the applicable age for RMDs. If no election is made, distributions will be made in accordance with the life expectancy payment option. All other eligible designated beneficiaries must elect either the 10-year rule or life expectancy payment option by December 31 of the year following the year of your death. If no election is made by an eligible designated beneficiary, payments will be made using the life expectancy payment option.

A nonspouse eligible designated beneficiary's remaining life expectancy is determined by using the beneficiary's age in the year following the year of your death to determine the factor from the IRS Single Life Expectancy table, reducing it by one in each subsequent year. A spouse beneficiary's remaining life expectancy is determined using the spouse beneficiary's age and the Uniform Lifetime Table each year, as permitted under the Treasury Regulations.

Note that certain trust beneficiaries (e.g., certain trusts for disabled and chronically ill individuals, and certain see-through trusts) may take a distribution of the amount remaining in your account over the remaining life expectancy of the designated beneficiary of the trust. The trustee of the trust is responsible for determining whether the trust is a see-through trust, the trust beneficiary's options, and the minimum payment required for the year. No trust paperwork is required to be provided to the Roth IRA trustee or custodian.

Generally, life expectancy distributions to an eligible designated beneficiary must commence by December 31 of the year following the year of your death. However, if your spouse is the eligible designated beneficiary, distributions need not commence until December 31 of the year you would have attained the applicable age for RMDs (as described in the Applicable Age for RMDs section above), if later. If your eligible designated beneficiary is your minor child, life expectancy payments must begin by December 31 of the year following the year of your death and continue until the child reaches the age of majority (age 21). Once the age of majority is reached, the beneficiary will have 10 years to deplete the account with annual payments continuing each year.

No Designated Beneficiary. If a beneficiary other than a person (e.g., your estate, a charity, or a trust that is not a see-through trust) is named, you will be treated as having no designated beneficiary of your Roth IRA for purposes of determining the distribution period. If there is no designated beneficiary of your Roth IRA, the entire Roth IRA must be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of your death.

Hypothetical RMD. If your spouse beneficiary is using the tenyear rule and, before the tenth year, chooses to treat the Roth IRA as his or her own or roll over the Roth IRA to his or her own Roth IRA, a hypothetical RMD may need to be calculated and distributed. This amount is not eligible to roll over or be treated as the spouse's own Roth IRA. If, in the year the spouse is treating the Roth IRA as his or her own or rolling over to his or her own Roth IRA, the spouse beneficiary will attain the applicable age for RMDs or older, the spouse beneficiary must calculate and distribute a hypothetical RMD amount that would have been required had the life expectancy payment option applied instead of the ten-year option. This RMD amount must be calculated and distributed for each year, beginning with the later of the year the Roth IRA owner or the spouse beneficiary would have attained the applicable age for RMDs and for each year until the year the transaction moving the Roth IRA to the spouse beneficiary's own Roth IRA occurs. The amount is calculated using the spouse beneficiary's life expectancy in those years determined using the Uniform Lifetime Table. For additional information on hypothetical RMD requirements, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), from the IRS or refer to the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

(b) Special Rules for Spouse Beneficiaries. A spouse who is the sole eligible designated beneficiary of your entire Roth IRA will be deemed to elect to treat your Roth IRA as his or her own by either (1) transferring it to a Roth IRA in the spouse beneficiary's name, (2) making contributions to your Roth IRA or (3) failing to timely remove an RMD from your Roth IRA. Regardless of whether the spouse is the sole eligible designated beneficiary of your Roth IRA, a spouse beneficiary may roll over his or her share of the assets to his or her own Roth IRA.

If we so choose, for any reason (e.g., due to limitations of our charter or bylaws), we may require that a beneficiary of a deceased Roth IRA owner take total distribution of all Roth IRA assets by December 31 of the year following the year of death.

K. Missed RMD – If your beneficiary fails to remove an RMD after your death, an excess accumulation penalty tax of 25 percent is imposed on the amount of the RMD that should have been taken but was not. If the failure to take an RMD is corrected in a timely manner, the penalty tax is reduced to 10 percent. Your beneficiary must file IRS Form 5329 along with the income tax return to report and remit any additional taxes to the IRS.

The correction window for the reduced penalty begins on the date the penalty tax is imposed and ends (1) the date a notice of deficiency regarding the tax is mailed, (2) the date the tax is assessed, or (3) the last day of the second taxable year beginning after the year in which the tax is imposed, whichever is earlier.

L. Waiver of 2020 RMD – Life expectancy payments for beneficiaries were waived for calendar year 2020. In addition, if the five-year rule applies to a Roth IRA with respect to any decedent, the five-year period is determined without regard to calendar year 2020 because of this waiver. For example, if a Roth IRA owner died in 2019, the beneficiary's five-year period ends in 2025 instead of 2024.

INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF ESTABLISHING A ROTH IRA

- A. **Contributions Not Deducted** No deduction is allowed for Roth IRA contributions, including transfers, rollovers, and conversion contributions.
- B. Contribution Deadline The deadline for making a Roth IRA contribution is your tax return due date (not including extensions). You may designate a contribution as a contribution for the preceding taxable year in a manner acceptable to us. For example, if you are a

calendar-year taxpayer and you make your Roth IRA contribution on or before your tax filing deadline, your contribution is considered to have been made for the previous tax year if you designate it as such.

If you are a member of the Armed Forces serving in a combat zone, hazardous duty area, or contingency operation, you may have an extended contribution deadline of 180 days after the last day served in the area. In addition, your contribution deadline for a particular tax year is also extended by the number of days that remained to file that year's tax return as of the date you entered the combat zone. This additional extension to make your Roth IRA contribution cannot exceed the number of days between January 1 and your tax filing deadline, not including extensions.

- C. Tax Credit for Contributions You may be eligible to receive a tax credit for your Roth IRA contributions. This credit may not exceed \$1,000 in a given year. You may be eligible for this tax credit if you are
 - age 18 or older as of the close of the taxable year,
 - not a dependent of another taxpayer, and
 - not a full-time student.

The credit is based upon your income (see chart below) and will range from 0 to 50 percent of eligible contributions. In order to determine the amount of your contributions, add all of the contributions made to your Roth IRA and reduce these contributions by any distributions that you have taken during the testing period. The testing period begins two years prior to the year for which the credit is sought and ends on the tax return due date (including extensions) for the year for which the credit is sought. In order to determine your tax credit, multiply the applicable percentage from the chart below by the amount of your contributions that do not exceed \$2,000.

Joint I	Return	Head of Household		All Oth	er Cases	Applicable Percentage
Over	Not Over	Over	Not Over	Over	Not Over	
	\$46,000		\$34,500		\$23,000	50
\$46,000	\$50,000	\$34,500	\$37,500	\$23,000	\$25,000	20
\$50,000	\$76,500	\$37,500	\$57,375	\$25,000	\$38,250	10
\$76,500		\$57,375		\$38,250		0

Joint I	Joint Return		Head of Household		er Cases	Applicable Percentage
Over	Not Over	Over	Not Over	Over	Not Over	
	\$47,500		\$35,625		\$23,750	50
\$47,500	\$51,000	\$35,625	\$38,250	\$23,750	\$25,500	20
\$51,000	\$79,000	\$38,250	\$59,250	\$25,500	\$39,500	10
\$79,000		\$59,250		\$39,500		0

*Adjusted gross income (AGI) includes foreign earned income and income from Guam, America Samoa, North Mariana Islands, and Puerto Rico. AGI limits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments each year.

- D. Excess Contributions An excess contribution is any amount that is contributed to your Roth IRA that exceeds the amount that you are eligible to contribute. If the excess is not corrected timely, an additional penalty tax of six percent will be imposed upon the excess amount. The procedure for correcting an excess is determined by the timeliness of the correction as identified below.
 - Removal Before Your Tax Filing Deadline. An excess contribution
 may be corrected by withdrawing the excess amount, along with the
 earnings attributable to the excess, before your tax filing deadline,
 including extensions, for the year for which the excess contribution
 was made. An excess withdrawn under this method is not taxable to

you, but you must include the earnings attributable to the excess in your taxable income in the year in which the contribution was made. The six percent excess contribution penalty tax will be avoided.

- 2. Removal After Your Tax Filing Deadline. If you are correcting an excess contribution after your tax filing deadline, including extensions, remove only the amount of the excess contribution. The six percent excess contribution penalty tax will be imposed on the excess contribution for each year it remains in the Roth IRA. An excess withdrawal under this method is not taxable to you.
- 3. Carry Forward to a Subsequent Year. If you do not withdraw the excess contribution, you may carry forward the contribution for a subsequent tax year. To do so, you under-contribute for that tax year and carry the excess contribution amount forward to that year on your tax return. The six percent excess contribution penalty tax will be imposed on the excess amount for each year that it remains as an excess contribution at the end of the year.

You must file IRS Form 5329 along with your income tax return to report and remit any additional taxes to the IRS.

- E. Tax-Deferred Earnings The investment earnings of your Roth IRA are not subject to federal income tax as they accumulate in your Roth IRA. In addition, distributions of your Roth IRA earnings will be free from federal income tax if you take a qualified distribution, as described below.
- F. **Taxation of Distributions** The taxation of Roth IRA distributions depends on whether the distribution is a qualified distribution or a nonqualified distribution.
 - Qualified Distributions. Qualified distributions from your Roth IRA (both the contributions and earnings) are not included in your income. A qualified distribution is a distribution that is made after the expiration of the five-year period beginning January 1 of the first year for which you made a contribution to any Roth IRA (including a conversion from a Traditional IRA or a rollover from an employer-sponsored retirement plan) and is made on account of one of the following events.
 - Attainment of age 59½
 - Disability
 - First-time homebuyer purchase
 - Death

For example, if you made a contribution to your Roth IRA for 2015, the five-year period for determining whether a distribution is a qualified distribution is satisfied as of January 1, 2020.

- 2. Nonqualified Distributions. If you do not meet the requirements for a qualified distribution, any earnings you withdraw from your Roth IRA will be included in your gross income and, if you are under age 59½, may be subject to an early distribution penalty tax. However, when you take a distribution, the amounts you contributed annually to any Roth IRA and any military death gratuity or Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance (SGLI) payments that you rolled over to a Roth IRA, will be deemed to be removed first, followed by conversion and employer-sponsored retirement plan rollover contributions made to any Roth IRA on a first-in, first-out basis. Therefore, your nonqualified distributions will not be taxable to you until your withdrawals exceed the amount of your annual contributions, rollovers of your military death gratuity or SGLI payments, and your conversions and employer-sponsored retirement plan rollovers.
- G. Income Tax Withholding Ten percent federal income tax withholding will be applied to a withdrawal from your Roth IRA unless you choose to withhold a different amount or elect not to have withholding apply. We are not required to withhold taxes from any distribution that we reasonably believe is not taxable.

H. Early Distribution Penalty Tax – If you are under age 59½ and receive a nonqualified Roth IRA distribution, an additional early distribution penalty tax of 10 percent generally will apply to the amount includible in income in the year of the distribution. If you are under age 59½ and receive a distribution of conversion amounts or employer-sponsored retirement plan rollover amounts within the five-year period beginning with the year in which the conversion or employer-sponsored retirement plan rollover occurred, an additional early distribution penalty tax of 10 percent generally will apply to the amount of the distribution. The additional early distribution penalty tax of 10 percent generally will not apply if one of the following exceptions apply. 1) Death. After your death, payments made to your beneficiary are not subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 2) Disability. If you are disabled at the time of distribution, you are not subject to the additional 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. In order to be disabled, a physician must determine that your impairment can be expected to result in death or to be of long, continued, and indefinite duration. 3) Substantially equal periodic payments. You are not subject to the additional 10 percent early distribution penalty tax if you are taking a series of substantially equal periodic payments (at least annual payments) over your life expectancy or the joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary. You must continue these payments for the longer of five years or until you reach age 59½. 4) Unreimbursed medical expenses. If you take payments to pay for unreimbursed medical expenses that exceed a specified percentage of your adjusted gross income, you will not be subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. For further detailed information and effective dates you may obtain IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), from the IRS. The medical expenses may be for you, your spouse, or any dependent listed on your tax return. 5) Health insurance premiums. If you are unemployed and have received unemployment compensation for 12 consecutive weeks under a federal or state program, you may take payments from your Roth IRA to pay for health insurance premiums without incurring the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 6) Higher education expenses. Payments taken for certain qualified higher education expenses for you, your spouse, or the children or grandchildren of you or your spouse, will not be subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 7) First-time homebuyer. You may take payments from your Roth IRA to use toward qualified acquisition costs of buying or building a principal residence. The amount you may take for this reason may not exceed a lifetime maximum of \$10,000. The payment must be used for qualified acquisition costs within 120 days of receiving the distribution. 8) IRS levy. Payments from your Roth IRA made to the U.S. government in response to a federal tax levy are not subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 9) Qualified reservist distributions. If you are a qualified reservist member called to active duty for more than 179 days or an indefinite period, the payments you take from your Roth IRA during the active-duty period are not subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 10) Qualified birth or adoption. Payments from your Roth IRA for the birth of your child or the adoption of an eligible adoptee will not be subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax if the distribution is taken during the one-year period beginning on the date of birth of your child or the date on which your legal adoption of an eligible adoptee is finalized. An eligible adoptee means any individual (other than your spouse's child) who has not attained age 18 or is physically or mentally incapable of selfsupport. The aggregate amount you may take for this reason may not exceed \$5,000 for each birth or adoption. 11) Terminal illness. Payments from your Roth IRA made because you are terminally ill are not subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. You are terminally ill if you have been certified by a physician, in accordance with documentation requirements to be established by the IRS, as having an illness or physical condition that can reasonably be expected

to result in death in 84 months or less after the date of the certification. 12) Qualified disaster recovery distribution. If you are an affected Roth IRA owner in a federally declared disaster area who has sustained an economic loss by reason of such qualified disaster, you may take up to \$22,000 per disaster from your Roth IRA without incurring the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 13) Domestic abuse. If you are a victim of domestic abuse you may withdraw up to \$10,000 (subject to possible cost-of-living adjustments each year beginning in 2025) or 50% of your Roth IRA balance, whichever is less, within one year of the abuse without incurring the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. 14) Emergency personal expenses. You may take one withdrawal in a calendar year as an emergency personal expense distribution for purposes of meeting unforeseeable or immediate financial needs relating to necessary personal or family emergency expenses, without incurring the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. The amount that may be treated as an emergency personal expense distribution in any calendar year is \$1,000 or the total balance in your Roth IRA over \$1,000, determined as of the date of each such distribution, whichever is less. No further emergency personal expense distributions are allowed during the immediately following three calendar years unless repayment occurs, or you have made Roth IRA contributions after the previous distribution in an amount at least equal to the previous distribution that has not been repaid.

You must file IRS Form 5329 along with your income tax return to the IRS to report and remit any additional taxes or to claim a penalty tax exception.

- I. Required Minimum Distributions You are not required to take distributions from your Roth IRA during your lifetime (as required for Traditional and savings incentive match plan for employees of small employers (SIMPLE) IRAs). However, your beneficiaries generally are required to take distributions from your Roth IRA after your death. See the section titled Beneficiary Payouts in this disclosure statement regarding beneficiaries' required minimum distributions.
- J. Roth IRA Portability Your Roth IRA may be transferred to another Roth IRA of yours, rolled over to another Roth IRA of yours, may receive rollover contributions, or may receive conversion contributions, provided that all of the applicable rules are followed. Rollover is a term used to describe a movement of cash or other property to your Roth IRA from another Roth IRA, or from your employer's qualified retirement plan, 403(a) annuity, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, 457(b) eligible governmental deferred compensation plan, or federal Thrift Savings Plan. Conversion is a term used to describe the movement of Traditional IRA or SIMPLE IRA assets to a Roth IRA. A conversion generally is a taxable event. The general portability rules are summarized below. These transactions are often complex. If you have any questions regarding a transfer, rollover, or conversion, please see a competent tax advisor.
 - 1. Roth IRA-to-Roth IRA Transfers. You may transfer your Roth IRA to another Roth IRA at any time with no limits on the number of transfers that may be completed in a 12-month period. A transfer is the movement of assets directly from one Roth IRA to another and is not subject to taxation or the early distribution penalty tax. You may not transfer a Roth IRA to any other type of IRA, and you may not transfer a Traditional IRA or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA.
 - 2. **Roth IRA-to-Roth IRA Rollovers.** Assets distributed from your Roth IRA may be rolled over to the same Roth IRA or another Roth IRA of yours if the requirements of IRC Sec. 408(d)(3) are met.
 - 3. IRA-to-IRA Rollover Restrictions. A distribution that is payable to you and is eligible to be rolled over from any IRA must be rolled over within 60 days after the distribution is received. In the case of a distribution for a first-time homebuyer where there was a delay or cancellation of the purchase, the 60-day rollover period may be extended to 120 days.

Only one distribution from any IRA (Traditional, Roth, or SIMPLE) may be rolled over to another IRA in a 12-month period, regardless of the number of IRAs you own. A distribution may be rolled over to the same IRA or to another IRA that is eligible to receive the rollover.

For more information on rollover limitations, you may obtain IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, from the IRS or refer to the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

4. Employer-Sponsored Retirement Plan-to-Roth IRA Rollovers. You may roll over, directly or indirectly, any eligible rollover distribution from an eligible employer-sponsored retirement plan to your Roth IRA. An eligible rollover distribution is defined generally as any distribution from a qualified retirement plan, 403(a) annuity, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, 457(b) eligible governmental deferred compensation plan, or federal Thrift Savings Plan unless it is a required minimum distribution, hardship distribution, part of a certain series of substantially equal periodic payments, corrective distributions of excess contributions, excess deferrals, excess annual additions and any income allocable to the excess, deemed loan distribution, dividends on employer securities, or the cost of life insurance coverage.

If you elect to receive the distribution from the plan prior to placing it in a Roth IRA, thereby conducting an indirect rollover, your eligible rollover distribution generally must be rolled over to your Roth IRA not later than 60 days after you receive the distribution. In the case of a plan loan offset due to plan termination or severance from employment, the deadline for completing the rollover is your tax return due date (including extensions) for the year in which the offset occurs.

Although the rollover amount generally is included in income, the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax will not apply to rollovers from eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans to a Roth IRA or inherited Roth IRA, regardless of whether you qualify for any exceptions to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax.

- Rollovers of Designated Roth Account Assets. Designated Roth account assets distributed from a 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, 457(b) eligible governmental deferred compensation plan, or federal Thrift Savings Plan, may be rolled into your Roth IRA.
- 6. Beneficiary Rollovers From Employer-Sponsored Retirement Plans. If you are a spouse or nonspouse beneficiary of a deceased employer-sponsored retirement plan participant, or the trustee of an eligible type of trust named as beneficiary of such participant, you may directly roll over inherited assets, less any applicable RMDs, from a qualified retirement plan, 403(a) annuity, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, or 457(b) eligible governmental deferred compensation plan to an inherited Roth IRA, as permitted by the IRS. Although the rollover amount generally is included in income when rolled over to an inherited Roth IRA, the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax will not apply to rollovers from eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans to an inherited Roth IRA. If the inherited plan that is being rolled over contains designated Roth assets, the designated Roth assets may only be rolled over to an inherited Roth IRA and are not taxable when rolled over. A spouse beneficiary may also indirectly roll over these assets to an inherited Roth IRA within 60 days of receipt. The Roth IRA must be maintained as an inherited Roth IRA, subject to the beneficiary distribution requirements.

- 7. Traditional IRA-to-Roth IRA Conversions. If you convert to a Roth IRA, the amount of the conversion from your Traditional IRA to your Roth IRA will be treated as a distribution for income tax purposes and is includible in your gross income (except for any nondeductible contributions). Although the conversion amount generally is included in income, the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax will not apply to conversions from a Traditional IRA to a Roth IRA, regardless of whether you qualify for any exceptions to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. If you are required to take an RMD for the year, you must remove all of your RMDs for all of your IRAs before converting your Traditional IRA.
- 8. SIMPLE IRA-to-Roth IRA Conversions. You are eligible to convert all or any portion of your existing SIMPLE IRA into your Roth IRA, provided two years have passed since you first participated in a SIMPLE IRA plan sponsored by your employer. The amount of the conversion from your SIMPLE IRA to your Roth IRA will be treated as a distribution for income tax purposes and is includible in your gross income. Although the conversion amount generally is included in income, the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax will not apply to conversions from a SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA, regardless of whether you qualify for any exceptions to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. If you are required to take an RMD for the year, you must remove all of your RMDs for all of your IRAs before converting your SIMPLE IRA.
- 9. Rollovers of Military Death Benefits. If you receive or have received a military death gratuity or a payment from the SGLI program, you may be able to roll over the proceeds to your Roth IRA. The rollover contribution amount is limited to the sum of the death benefits or SGLI payment received, less any such amount that was rolled over to a Coverdell education savings account. Proceeds must be rolled over within one year of receipt of the gratuity or SGLI payment for deaths occurring on or after June 17, 2008. Any amount that is rolled over under this provision is considered nontaxable basis in your Roth IRA.
- 10. Qualified HSA Funding Distribution. If you are eligible to contribute to a health savings account (HSA), you may be eligible to take a one-time tax-free qualified HSA funding distribution from your Roth IRA and directly deposit it to your HSA. The amount of the qualified HSA funding distribution may not exceed the maximum HSA contribution limit in effect for the type of high deductible health plan coverage (i.e., single or family coverage) that you have at the time of the deposit and counts toward your HSA contribution limit for that year. For further detailed information, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 969, Health Savings Accounts and Other Tax-Favored Health Plans.
- 11. Rollover of IRS Levy. If you receive a refund of eligible retirement plan assets that had been wrongfully levied, you may roll over the amount returned up until your tax return due date (not including extensions) for the year in which the money was returned.
- 12. Qualified Tuition Program to Roth IRA. Funds from a qualified tuition program of a designated beneficiary that has been maintained for 15 or more years may be paid in a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer to a designated beneficiary's Roth IRA if the funds have been in the qualified tuition program for at least five years. The designated beneficiary must be eligible to make a Roth IRA contribution and the amount of the rollover counts toward the Roth IRA contribution limit for the year. The total that a designated beneficiary may roll over from a qualified tuition program during his or her lifetime may not exceed \$35,000.
- 13. Written Election. At the time you make a rollover or conversion to a Roth IRA, you must designate in writing to the custodian your election to treat that contribution as a rollover or conversion. Once made, the election is irrevocable.

- K. Repayments of Certain Distributions.
 - Qualified Birth or Adoption Distributions. If you have taken a
 qualified birth or adoption distribution, you may generally pay all
 or a portion of the aggregate amount of such distribution to a Roth
 IRA at any time during the three-year period beginning on the day
 after the date on which such distribution was received. In the case
 of a qualified birth or adoption distribution made on or before
 December 29, 2022, the deadline to repay the distribution is
 December 31, 2025.
 - Terminal Illness Distributions. If you have taken a distribution due
 to a terminal illness, you may generally pay all or a portion of the
 aggregate amount of such distribution to a Roth IRA at any time
 during the three-year period beginning on the day after the date
 on which such distribution was received.
 - 3. Domestic Abuse Distributions. If you have taken a distribution because you are a victim of domestic abuse, you may generally pay all or a portion of the aggregate amount of such distribution to a Roth IRA at any time during the three-year period beginning on the day after the date on which such distribution was received.
 - 4. Emergency Personal Expense Distributions. If you had taken an emergency personal expense distribution, the distribution may be repaid within a three-year period. No further emergency personal expense distributions are allowed during the immediately following three calendar years unless repayment occurs, or you have made Roth IRA contributions after the previous distribution in an amount at least equal to the previous distribution that has not been repaid.
 - Qualified Disaster Recovery Distributions. If you have taken a
 qualified disaster recovery distribution, the distribution may be
 recontributed to a Roth IRA at any time during the three-year
 period beginning on the day after the date on which such
 distribution was received.

For further information, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, or refer to the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

- L. Transfer Due to Divorce If all or any part of your Roth IRA is awarded to your spouse or former spouse in a divorce or legal separation proceeding, the amount so awarded will be treated as the spouse's Roth IRA (and may be transferred pursuant to a court-approved divorce decree or written legal separation agreement to another Roth IRA of your spouse) and will not be considered a taxable distribution to you. A transfer is a tax-free direct movement of cash and/or property from one Roth IRA to another.
- M. Recharacterizations If you make a contribution to a Traditional IRA and later recharacterize either all or a portion of the original contribution to a Roth IRA along with net income attributable, you may elect to treat the original contribution as having been made to the Roth IRA. The same methodology applies when recharacterizing a contribution from a Roth IRA to a Traditional IRA. The deadline for completing a recharacterization is your tax filing deadline (including any extensions) for the year for which the original contribution was made. You may not recharacterize a Roth IRA conversion or an employer-sponsored retirement plan rollover.

LIMITATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

A. **Spousal Roth IRA** – If you are married and have compensation for the taxable year for which the contribution is made, you may contribute to a Roth IRA established for the benefit of your spouse, regardless of whether or not your spouse has compensation. You must file a joint income tax return for the year for which the contribution is made.

The amount you may contribute to your Roth IRA and your spouse's Roth IRA is the lesser of 100 percent of your combined eligible compensation or \$14,000 for 2024 and 2025. This amount may be increased with cost-of-living adjustments each year. However, you may not contribute more than the individual contribution limit to each Roth IRA. Your contribution may be further limited if your MAGI falls within the minimum and maximum thresholds.

If your spouse is age 50 or older by the close of the taxable year, and is otherwise eligible, you may make an additional contribution to your spouse's Roth IRA. The maximum additional contribution is \$1,000 per year. This amount is subject to possible cost-of-living adjustments each year beginning in 2025.

- B. Gift Tax Transfers of your Roth IRA assets to a beneficiary made during your life and at your request may be subject to federal gift tax under IRC Sec. 2501.
- C. Special Tax Treatment Capital gains treatment and 10-year income averaging authorized by IRC Sec. 402 do not apply to Roth IRA distributions.
- D. Prohibited Transactions If you or your beneficiary engage in a prohibited transaction with your Roth IRA, as described in IRC Sec. 4975, your Roth IRA will lose its tax-deferred or tax-exempt status, and you generally must include the value of the earnings in your account in your gross income for that taxable year. The following transactions are examples of prohibited transactions with your Roth IRA. (1) Taking a loan from your Roth IRA (2) Buying property for personal use (present or future) with Roth IRA assets (3) Receiving certain bonuses or premiums because of your Roth IRA.
- E. Pledging If you pledge any portion of your Roth IRA as collateral for a loan, the amount so pledged will be treated as a distribution and may be included in your gross income for that year.

OTHER

- A. **IRS Plan Approval** Articles I through VIII of the agreement used to establish this Roth IRA have been approved by the IRS. The IRS approval is a determination only as to form. It is not an endorsement of the plan in operation or of the investments offered.
- B. Additional Information For further information on Roth IRAs, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, or Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, by calling 800-TAX-FORM, or by visiting www.irs.gov on the Internet.
- C. Important Information About Procedures for Opening a New Account To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial organizations to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. Therefore, when you open a Roth IRA, you are required to provide your name, residential address, date of birth, and identification number. We may require other information that will allow us to identify you.
- D. Qualified Reservist Distributions If you are an eligible qualified reservist who has taken penalty-free qualified reservist distributions from your Roth IRA or retirement plan, you may recontribute those amounts to a Roth IRA generally within a two-year period from your date of return.
- E. Qualified Charitable Distributions If you are age 70½ or older, you may be eligible to take tax-free Roth IRA distributions of up to \$105,000 (for 2024) or \$108,000 (for 2025) per year and have these distributions paid directly to certain charitable organizations. This amount is subject to possible cost-of-living adjustments each year beginning in tax year 2025. A qualified charitable distribution also includes a one-time charitable distribution of up to \$50,000 to a split

interest entity (i.e., charitable gift annuity, charitable remainder unitrust, and charitable remainder annuity trust). Special tax rules may apply. For further detailed information and effective dates you may obtain IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, from the IRS or refer to the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

F. Disaster Related Relief – If you qualify (for example, you sustained an economic loss due to, or are otherwise considered affected by, a federally-declared disaster in a specified disaster area), you may be eligible for favorable tax treatment on distributions, rollovers, and other transactions involving your Roth IRA. Qualified disaster relief includes an automatic 60-day extension to perform certain acts and may include penalty-tax free early distributions made during specified timeframes for each disaster, the ability to include distributions in your gross income ratably over multiple years, the ability to roll over distributions to an eligible retirement plan without regard to the 60-day rollover rule, and more.

Qualified Disaster Recovery Distributions. If your principal residence is located in a qualified disaster area and you have sustained an economic loss by reason of such disaster, you may receive up to \$22,000 per disaster in aggregate distributions from your retirement plans and IRAs as qualified disaster recovery distributions. A qualified disaster is any major disaster declared by the President under section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act after January 26, 2021. These distributions are not subject to the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. In addition, unless you elect otherwise, any amount required to be included in your gross income for such taxable year shall be included ratably over a three-taxable year period, beginning with the taxable year of the distribution. Qualified disaster recovery distributions may be repaid at any time generally within a three-year period beginning on the day after the date the distribution was received.

Repayments of Withdrawals for Home Purchase. If you received a qualified first-time homebuyer distribution to purchase or construct a principal residence in the qualified disaster area, but which was not used on account of the qualified disaster, you are able to repay the distribution within 180 days of the applicable date of such disaster. The distribution must have been received during the period (1) beginning 180 days before the first day of the FEMA declared incident period, and (2) ending 30 days after the last day of the FEMA declared incident period.

For additional information on specific disasters, including a complete listing of disaster areas, qualification requirements for relief, and allowable disaster-related Roth IRA transactions, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, from the IRS or refer to the IRS website at www.irs.gov.



The term IRA will be used below to mean Traditional IRA, Roth IRA, and SIMPLE IRA, unless otherwise specified.

The financial organization should complete the financial disclosure using Method I, Method II, or Method III. If the growth of the IRA can reasonably be projected, use either Method I or Method II. The account values projected using Method I or Method II must be reduced by all applicable fees and penalties. If annual fees are assessed, such as an annual service fee, use Method II. If no projection of growth of the IRA can reasonably be shown, use Method III.

METHOD I Growth can be projected (Do not use Method I if an annual fee is charged. Instead, use Method II for financial projections.) Your Age on Your Birth Date This Year_ _ Length of Time Deposit (If applicable)_

The charts below give projections of the value of your IRA by showing the amount available at the end of each year. These projections assume an

interest rate of .25%, compounded annually. If you have invested your IRA in a time deposit, a loss-of-earnings penalty may be charged against a withdrawal before maturity. A transaction fee may also apply to your IRA.

The Regular Contribution chart assumes that an annual contribution of \$1,000 is made on the first day of each year. The Rollover, Transfer, or Conversion* chart assumes that a one-time deposit of \$1,000 is made on the first day of the first year.

Indicate the projected account value for each of the years, taking into consideration any applicable loss of earnings penalty or other fees assessed if the IRA owner received a distribution at the end of the year for which the projection is being made. First, circle the year-end projected IRA value that is applicable for each of the first five years. Next, circle the applicable IRA value for the years in which the IRA owner will attain ages 60, 65, and 70.

ROLLOVER, TRANSFER, OR CONVERSION* REGULAR CONTRIBUTION FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS WITH .25% RATE OF INTEREST FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS WITH .25% RATE OF INTEREST AMT. AFTER AMT. AFTER 3 MONTH 6 MONTH 3 MONTH 6 MONTH ACCOUNT 1 MONTH ACCOUNT 1 MONTH FEES AND PENALTY PENALTY PENALTY VALUE PENALTY PENALTY PENALTY \$1,002.50 \$1,002.29 \$1,001.87 \$1,001.25 \$1,002.50 \$1,002.29 \$1,001.87 \$1,001.25 1,004.80 1,004.38 2.007.51 2,007.09 2,006.25 2,005.00 1,005.01 1,003.75 1,006.89 3,014.40 4,024.22 3,013.14 4,022.55 1,006.26 1,008.78 3,011.26 4,020.03 4.025.06 1,009.41 1.010.04 1,009.83 5,037.63 5,036.58 5,034.48 1,012.56 1,012.35 1,011.93 1,011.30 6,051.46 6,048.94 1,014.88 1,014.46 1.017.63 7.070.35 7.068.88 7.065.93 7.061.51 1.017.42 1.017.00 1.016.36 1,020.18 8,090.53 8,088.84 8,085.47 1,019.96 1,019.54 1,018.90 8,080.41 10,138.54 10,136.42 10,132.20 10,125.86 10 1,025.07 1,024.64 1.024.00 11,166.38 11,164.06 11,159.40 11,152.42 12,196.80 12,194.26 12,189.18 12,181.55 1,027.85 1,027.63 11 1,027.20 1,026.56 13,229.79 13,227.03 13,221.52 13,213.2 1,032.99 1,032.78 1,031.70 1,035.36 1,037.95 1,040.54 1,034.93 1,034.28 14,265.37 14,262.39 14,256.45 14,247.53 1,035.57 1,038.16 15,303.53 15,300.34 15,293.96 15,284.40 16,344.29 16,340.88 16,334.07 16,323.86 1,037.51 1,040.11 1,036.87 1,039.46 1.040.76 17,387.65 17,384.03 17,376.78 17,365.91 1,043.36 1,043.14 1,042.71 1,042.06 1,045.97 18,433.62 18,429.78 18,422.10 18,410.58 1,045.75 1,045.32 19.482.20 19.478.14 19.470.02 1.048.58 1.048.37 1.047.27 19.457.85 1.047.93 20,533.41 20,529.13 20,520.57 20,507.74 20 1,051.21 1,050.99 1,050.55 1,049.89 21,587.24 21,582.74 21,573.75 21,560.26 22,643.71 22,638.99 22,629.56 22,615.40 1 056 47 1.056.25 1.055.81 1 055 15 23,702.82 23,697.88 23,688.00 23,673.19 1.059.11 23 1.058.89 1.058.45 1.057.79 24,764.57 24,759.42 24,749.10 24,733.62 1,061.76 1,061.54 1,061.09 1,060.43 25,828.99 25,823.61 25,812.84 25,796.70 1,064.41 1,064.19 1,063.75 1,063.08 26,896.06 26,890.46 26,879.25 26,862.44 27,965.80 27,959.97 27,948.32 27,930.84 29,038.21 29,032.16 29,020.06 29,001.92 1,067.07 1,066.85 1,065.74 1,066.41 1,069.74 1,069.52 1,072.19 1,069.07 1,068.40 1,071.07 1,071.74 1.072.41 30,113.31 30,107.04 30,094.49 30,075.67 1,075.10 1,074.87 1,074.42 1,076.44 31,191.09 31,184.59 31,171.60 31,152.10 32,271.57 32,264.85 32,251.40 32,231.23 1,077.56 1,080.25 1,080.48 1,079.80 1,079.13 1,081.82 33,354.75 33,347.80 33,333.90 33,313.06 1.083.18 1,082.95 1.082.50 34,440.64 34,433.46 34,419.11 34,397. 1 087 24 35.529.24 35.521.84 35.507.03 35.484.83 1 088 60 1.088.37 1 087 92 36,620.56 36,612.93 36,597.67 36,574.78 1.091.10 1.091.32 1.090.64 1.089.96 1,093.37 37,714.61 37,706.75 37,691.04 37,667.4 1,094.05 1,092.68 1,093.82 38,811.40 38,803.31 38,787.14 38,762.88 1,096.79 1,096.56 1.096.10 1,095.42 1,099.30 1,098.84 1,098.15 39,910.93 39,902.61 39,885.98 39,861.04 41,013.20 41,004.66 40,987.57 40,961.94 1,099.53 1,102.28 1,102.05 1,104.80 1,101.59 1,104.34 1,100.90 42,118.24 42,109.46 42,091.91 42,065.59 1,105.03 1,103.65 43,226.03 43,217.03 43,199.02 43,172.00 1,107.80 1,107.56 1,107.10 41 1,106.41 44,336.60 44,327.36 44,308.89 44,281.18 45,449.94 45,440.47 45,421.53 45,393.13 1,110.33 1,109.18 1,110.57 1,109.87 43 1.113.34 1.113.11 1.112.65 1.111.95 46,566.06 46,556.36 46,536.96 46,507.86 1,116.12 1,115.89 1,115.43 1,114.73 47,684.98 47,675.04 47,655.18 47,625.37 1,118.68 1,121.01 48.806.69 48.796.52 48.776.19 48.745.68 1.121.71 1,121.48 1,120.31 49,931.21 49,920.81 49,900.00 49,868.79 1.124.28 47 1.124.52 1.123.81 1.123.11 51,058.54 51,047.90 51,026.62 50,994.71 52,188.68 52,177.81 52,156.06 52,123.45 1,129.44 1,130.15 1,129.91 53,321.65 53,310.55 53,288.33 53,255.00 54,457.46 54,446.11 54,423.42 54,389.39 55,596.10 55,584.52 55,561.35 55,526.61 50 1,132.97 1,132.74 1,132.26 1,131.56 1,135.80 1,135.57 1,135.09 1,137.93 1,138.41 56,737.59 56,725.77 56,702.13 56,666.67 1,141.49 1,141.25 1,140.78 1,140.06 1,144.11 57,881.94 57,869.88 57,845.76 57,809.58 59,029.14 59,016.84 58,992.25 58,955.35 1,143.63 1,146.49 1,142.91 1,145.77 1,144.34 1,147.20 1,146.97 60,179.21 60,166.68 60,141.60 60,103.99 1,150.07 1,149.83 1,149.35 1.148.64 61,332.16 61,319.38 61,293.83 61,255 1,152.71 1,155.59 62.487.99 62.474.97 62.448.94 62.409.88 1.155.83 1.155.11 1,154.39 63.646.71 63.633.45 63.606.93 63.567.15 1.158.72 1.158.48 1.158.00 1,157.27 1,160.89 1,163.79 64,808.33 64,794.83 64,767.82 64,727. 1,161.37

65,972.85 65,959.11 65,931.62 65,890.38 67,140.28 67,126.29 67,098.32 67,056.36

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE **INFORMATION**

The account values shown are projections based on many assumptions. They are not guaranteed, but depend upon many factors, including the interest rates and terms of future funding instruments.

We may charge you fees in connection with your IRA. If we do not charge these fees now, we may do so in the future after giving you notice. If you do not pay these fees separately, they may be paid from the assets of your IRA.

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\$	
\$	
\$	
\$	
\$	

1,167.19

1.167.43

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1,166.70

^{*}Conversion applies to Roth IRAs only

METHOD II Growth can be projected

The financial projections below show the amount that would be available if you were to withdraw your IRA assets at the indicated times. These projections are based on the following assumptions.

CONTRIBUTION (Select one)

Regular. An a	annual \$1,000 dep	osit is made on	the first day of each	1
year.				
Dellawar Tra	nafar ar Canvara	on * 1 one tim	o ¢1 000 donosit i	

Rollover,	Transfer,	or Co	nversion.*	Α	one-time	\$1,000	deposit	I
made on	the first da	ay of t	he first yea	ar.				

Your Age on Your Birth Date in Contribution Year______
Investment Instrument_____

Compounding Method___

FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS

Number of Years in IRA Program	Total Accumulation of IRA Dollars	Amount After Fees and Penalties
1 Year	\$	\$
2 Years	\$	
3 Years	\$	\$
4 Years	\$	\$
5 Years	\$	\$

End of the Year You Reach Age	Total Accumulation of IRA Dollars	Amount After Fees and Penalties
60	\$	\$
65	\$	\$
70	\$	\$

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

The account values shown are projections based on many assumptions. These projections have been reduced by any applicable fees. They are not guaranteed, but depend upon many factors, including the interest rates and terms of future funding instruments.

We may charge you an annual service fee or other fees in connection with your IRA. If we do not charge these fees now, we may do so in the future after giving you notice. If you do not pay these fees separately, they may be paid from the assets of your IRA.

CURRENT FEES

\$
\$
\$
\$
\$
\$

METHOD III Growth cannot be projected

The value of your IRA will be dependent solely upon the performance of any investment instrument used to fund your IRA. Therefore, no projection of the growth of your IRA can reasonably be shown or guaranteed.

Terms and conditions of the IRA that affect your investment are listed below.

INVESTMENT OPTIONS

You may direct the investment of your funds within this IRA into any investment instrument offered by or through the Custodian. The Custodian will not exercise any investment discretion regarding your IRA, as this is solely your responsibility.

FEES

There are certain fees and charges connected with your IRA investments. These fees and charges may include the following.

- Sales Commissions
- Investment Management Fees
- Distribution Fees
- Set Up Fees
- Annual Maintenance Fees
- Surrender or Termination Fees

To find out what fees apply, refer to the investment prospectus or contract.

There may be certain fees and charges connected with the IRA itself. (Select and complete as applicable.)

\$
\$
\$
\$

We reserve the right to change any of the above fees after notice to you, as provided in your IRA agreement.

EARNINGS

The method for computing and allocating annual earnings (e.g., interest, dividends) on your IRA will differ based on the nature and issuer of the investments chosen. Refer to the investment prospectus or contract for the methods used for computing and allocating annual earnings.

Other terms or conditions that apply to your IRA include the following.

OTHER

^{*}Conversion applies to Roth IRAs only

ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT AGREEMENT

Form 5305-RA under section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code.

The depositor named on the application is establishing a Roth individual retirement account (Roth IRA) under section 408A to provide for his or her retirement and for the support of his or her beneficiaries after death.

The custodian named on the application has given the depositor the disclosure statement required by Regulations section 1.408-6.

The depositor has assigned the custodial account the sum indicated on the application.

The depositor and the custodian make the following agreement:

ARTICLE

Except in the case of a qualified rollover contribution described in section 408A(e) or a recharacterized contribution described in section 408A(d)(6), the custodian will accept only cash contributions up to \$5,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For individuals who have reached the age of 50 by the end of the year, the contribution limit is increased to \$6,500 per year for tax years 2013 through 2017. For years after 2017, these limits will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any.

ARTICLE II

- 1. The annual contribution limit described in Article I is gradually reduced to \$0 for higher income levels. For a depositor who is single or treated as a single, the annual contribution is phased out between adjusted gross income (AGI) of \$118,000 and \$133,000; for a married depositor filing jointly, between AGI of \$186,000 and \$196,000; and for a married depositor filing separately, between AGI of \$0 and \$10,000. These phase-out ranges are for 2017. For years after 2017, the phase-out ranges, except for the \$0 to \$10,000 range, will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any. Adjusted gross income is defined in section 408A(c)(3).
- 2. In the case of a joint return, the AGI limits in the preceding paragraph apply to the combined AGI of the depositor and his or her spouse.

ARTICLE III

The depositor's interest in the balance in the custodial account is nonforfeitable.

ARTICLE IV

- No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the custodial account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).
- No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

ARTICLE V

- If the depositor dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her and the depositor's surviving spouse is not the designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraph (a) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with paragraph (b) below:
 - (a) The remaining interest will be distributed, starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the depositor's death, over the designated beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the depositor.

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- (b) The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the depositor's death
- 2. The minimum amount that must be distributed each year under paragraph 1(a) above is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the designated beneficiary using the attained age of the beneficiary in the year following the year of the depositor's death and subtracting one from the divisor for each subsequent year.
- 3. If the depositor's surviving spouse is the designated beneficiary, such spouse will then be treated as the depositor.

ARTICLE VI

- The depositor agrees to provide the custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408A(d)(3)(E), Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6, or other guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- 2. The custodian agrees to submit to the IRS and depositor the reports prescribed by the IRS.

ARTICLE VII

Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through IV and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 408A, the related regulations, and other published guidance will be invalid.

ARTICLE VIII

This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code, the related Regulations, and other published guidance. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signatures appear on the application.

ARTICLE IX

- 9.01 Definitions In this part of this agreement (Article IX), the words "you" and "your" mean the inherited Roth IRA owner. The words "we," "us," and "our" mean the custodian. The words "inherited Roth IRA owner" mean the individual establishing this inherited Roth IRA with either a direct rollover contribution from an eligible inherited employer-sponsored retirement plan or a transfer from an inherited Roth IRA. The word "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code, and "regulations" means the Treasury regulations.
- 9.02 Notices and Change of Address Any required notice regarding this inherited Roth IRA will be considered effective when we send it to the intended recipient at the last address that we have in our records. Any notice to be given to us will be considered effective when we actually receive it. You, or the intended recipient, must notify us in writing of any change of address.
- Representations and Responsibilities You represent and warrant to us that any information you have given or will give us with respect to this agreement is complete and accurate. Further, you agree that any directions you give us or action you take will be proper under this agreement, and that we are entitled to rely upon any such information or directions. If we fail to receive directions from you regarding any transaction, if we receive ambiguous directions regarding any transaction, or if we, in good faith, believe that any transaction requested is in dispute, we reserve the right to take no action until further clarification acceptable to us is received from you or the appropriate government or judicial authority. We will not be responsible for losses of any kind that may result from

your directions to us or your actions or failures to act, and you agree to reimburse us for any loss we may incur as a result of such directions, actions, or failures to act. We will not be responsible for any penalties, taxes, judgments, or expenses you incur in connection with your inherited Roth IRA. We have no duty to determine whether your contributions or distributions comply with the Code, regulations, rulings, or this agreement.

We may permit you to appoint, through written notice acceptable to us, an authorized agent to act on your behalf with respect to this Agreement (e.g., attorney-in-fact, executor, administrator, investment manager, etc. collectively referred to as "Investment Advisor"), however, we have no duty to determine the validity of such appointment or any instrument appointing such Investment Advisor. We shall accept all investment or other instructions from your Investment Advisor as having been authorized by you. We shall not be responsible for and you shall indemnify us from all losses of any kind that may result from directions, actions or failures to act by you or your Investment Advisor, and you agree to reimburse us for any loss we may incur as a result of such directions, actions or failures to act by you or your Investment Advisor. You may at any time remove an Investment Advisor from your account by providing us written notice, provided, however that the removal will not have the effect of canceling any notice, instruction or action taken by us prior to Investment Advisor's removal from your account.

You will have 60 days after you receive any documents, statements, or other information from us to notify us in writing of any errors or inaccuracies reflected in these documents, statements, or other information. If you do not notify us within 60 days, the documents, statements, or other information will be deemed correct and accurate, and we will have no further liability or obligation for such documents, statements, other information, or the transactions described therein.

By performing services under this agreement we are acting as your agent. You acknowledge and agree that nothing in this agreement will be construed as conferring fiduciary status upon us. We will not be required to perform any additional services unless specifically agreed to under the terms and conditions of this agreement, or as required under the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder with respect to Roth IRAs. You agree to indemnify and hold us harmless for any and all claims, actions, proceedings, damages, judgments, liabilities, costs, and expenses, including attorney's fees arising from or in connection with this agreement.

To the extent written instructions or notices are required under this agreement, we may accept or provide such information in any other form permitted by the Code or applicable regulations including, but not limited to, electronic communication.

- 9.04 Disclosure of Account Information We may use agents and/or subcontractors to assist in administering your inherited Roth IRA. We may release nonpublic personal information regarding your inherited Roth IRA to such providers as necessary to provide the products and services made available under this agreement, and to evaluate our business operations and analyze potential product, service, or process improvements.
- 9.05 Service Fees We have the right to charge an annual service fee or other designated fees (e.g., a transfer, rollover, or termination fee) for maintaining your inherited Roth IRA. In addition, we have the right to be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses, including legal expenses, we incur in connection with the administration of your inherited Roth IRA. We may charge you separately for any fees or expenses, or we may deduct the amount of the fees or expenses from the assets in your inherited Roth IRA at our discretion. We reserve the right to charge any additional fee upon 30 days notice

to you that the fee will be effective. You agree that fees such as subtransfer agent fees, shareholder servicing fees and/or commissions may be paid to us by third parties for assistance in performing certain transactions with respect to this inherited Roth IRA. In addition, you understand and agree that certain of our affiliates may receive investment advisory fees or other servicing fees from investments made by you, including investments made in certain mutual funds and money market funds.

Any brokerage commissions attributable to the assets in your inherited Roth IRA will be charged to your inherited Roth IRA. You cannot reimburse your inherited Roth IRA for those commissions.

If publicly-traded securities are to be included in the specified investments, orders shall be executed through a securities broker/dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 designated by you upon such form as we may prescribe. Any brokerage account maintained in connection herewith shall be in our name for your benefit. We shall be authorized to honor transactions within the brokerage account without obligation to verify prior authorization of same by you or your authorized agent. Any cash received by the brokerage account, whether as income or proceeds of transactions, shall be held by the brokerage account pending directions, and we shall have no obligation to direct the broker to remit such cash until directed to do so, but may receive remittances without direction if the same are made by the broker. Investment directions may be given directly to the designated broker by you or your authorized agent (in such manner as the broker may require) and the broker shall be responsible for the execution of such orders. When securities are purchased within the brokerage account requiring that funds be remitted by the Custodian to make settlement, you agree to notify or instruct the broker to notify us on the trade date of the pending securities transaction, and to request delivery of the custodial account assets necessary to settle the trade. You agree to hold us harmless for any losses resulting from your failure to notify us of the pending trade and request for settlement in the above prescribed manner.

- 9.06 Restrictions on Contributions to the Inherited Roth IRA Your inherited Roth IRA may receive multiple rollover contributions from inherited qualified retirement plans, 403(a) annuity plans, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity plans, or 457(b) governmental deferred compensation plans, or multiple transfers from inherited Roth IRAs. In order to combine these inherited retirement assets in the same inherited Roth IRA, you must have inherited the assets from the same owner and they must have been subject to the same beneficiary payment elections and calculation methods as under the receiving inherited Roth IRA. You may not make regular contributions to this inherited Roth IRA.
- 9.07 Investment of Amounts in the Inherited Roth IRA - You have exclusive responsibility for and control over the investment of the assets of your inherited Roth IRA. All transactions will be subject to any and all restrictions or limitations, direct or indirect, that are imposed by our charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws; any and all applicable federal and state laws and regulations; the rules, regulations, customs, and usages of any exchange, market, or clearing house where the transaction is executed; our policies and practices; and this agreement. After your death, your successor beneficiaries will have the right to direct the investment of your inherited Roth IRA assets, subject to the same conditions that applied to you during your lifetime under this agreement (including, without limitation, Section 9.03 of this article). We will have no discretion to direct any investment in your inherited Roth IRA. We assume no responsibility for rendering investment advice with respect to your inherited Roth IRA, nor will we offer any opinion or judgment to you on matters concerning the value or suitability of any investment or proposed investment for your inherited Roth IRA. In the absence of instructions from you, or if

your instructions are not in a form acceptable to us, we will have the right to hold any uninvested amounts in cash, and we will have no responsibility to invest uninvested cash unless and until directed by you. We will not exercise the voting rights and other shareholder rights with respect to investments in your inherited Roth IRA unless you provide timely written directions acceptable to us.

You will select the investment for your inherited Roth IRA assets from those investments that we are authorized by our charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws to offer and do in fact offer for investment in inherited Roth IRAs (e.g., term share accounts, passbook accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts). We may in our sole discretion make available to you additional investment offerings, which will be limited to publicly traded securities, mutual funds, money market instruments, and other investments that are obtainable by us and that we are capable of holding in the ordinary course of our business.

We shall retain in cash so much of the custodial account as you or your Investment Advisor directs or until other instructions are received and we are authorized to place such cash held in the custodial account in an interest-bearing instrument or money market fund as determined appropriate in our sole discretion.

9.08 Successor Beneficiaries – We may allow you, if permitted by state law, to name successor beneficiaries for your inherited Roth IRA. This designation can only be made on a form provided by or acceptable to us, and it will only be effective when it is filed with us during your lifetime. Each inherited Roth IRA beneficiary designation form that you file with us will cancel all previous designations. The consent of a successor beneficiary will not be required for you to revoke a successor beneficiary designation. If you do not designate a successor beneficiary, your estate will be the successor beneficiary. In no event will the successor beneficiary be able to extend the distribution period beyond that required for you.

If we so choose, for any reason (e.g., due to limitations of our charter or bylaws), we may require that a successor beneficiary take total distribution of all inherited Roth IRA assets by December 31 of the year following the year of death.

- 9.09 Required Minimum Distributions You are required to take minimum distributions from your inherited Roth IRA. The options available to you as a beneficiary of a deceased plan participant or deceased Roth IRA owner are determined according to the type of plan you have inherited. Any payment elections you either made or defaulted to under the plan you inherited generally carry over to the inherited Roth IRA.
- 9.10 Termination of Agreement, Resignation, or Removal of Custodian -Either party may terminate this agreement at any time by giving written notice to the other. We can resign as custodian at any time effective 30 days after we send written notice of our resignation to you. Upon receipt of that notice, you must make arrangements to transfer your inherited Roth IRA to another financial organization. If you do not complete a transfer of your inherited Roth IRA within 30 days from the date we send the notice to you, we have the right to transfer your inherited Roth IRA assets to a successor inherited Roth IRA trustee or custodian that we choose in our sole discretion, or we may pay your inherited Roth IRA to you in a single sum. We will not be liable for any actions or failures to act on the part of any successor trustee or custodian, nor for any tax consequences you may incur that result from the transfer or distribution of your assets pursuant to this section.

If this agreement is terminated, we may charge to your inherited Roth IRA a reasonable amount of money that we believe is necessary to cover any associated costs, including but not limited to one or more of the following.

- Any fees, expenses, or taxes chargeable against your inherited Roth IRA
- Any penalties or surrender charges associated with the early withdrawal of any savings instrument or other investment in your inherited Roth IRA

If we are a nonbank custodian required to comply with Regulations section 1.408-2(e) and we fail to do so or we are not keeping the records, making the returns, or sending the statements as are required by forms or regulations, the IRS may require us to substitute another trustee or custodian.

We may establish a policy requiring distribution of the entire balance of your inherited Roth IRA to you in cash or property if the balance of your inherited Roth IRA drops below the minimum balance required under the applicable investment or policy established.

- 9.11 Successor Custodian If our organization changes its name, reorganizes, merges with another organization (or comes under the control of any federal or state agency), or if our entire organization (or any portion that includes your inherited Roth IRA) is bought by another organization, that organization (or agency) will automatically become the trustee or custodian of your inherited Roth IRA, but only if it is the type of organization authorized to serve as an inherited Roth IRA trustee or custodian.
- 9.12 Amendments We have the right to amend this agreement at any time. Any amendment we make to comply with the Code and related regulations does not require your consent. You will be deemed to have consented to any other amendment unless, within 30 days from the date we send the amendment, you notify us in writing that you do not consent.
- 9.13 Withdrawals or Transfers All requests for withdrawal or transfer will be in writing on a form provided by or acceptable to us. The method of distribution must be specified in writing or in any other method acceptable to us. The tax identification number of the recipient must be provided to us before we are obligated to make a distribution. Withdrawals will be subject to all applicable tax and other laws and regulations, including but not limited to possible early distribution penalty taxes, surrender charges, and withholding requirements.
- 9.14 Transfers From Other Plans We can receive amounts transferred to this inherited Roth IRA from the trustee or custodian of another inherited Roth IRA. In addition, we can accept rollovers of eligible rollover distributions from inherited employer-sponsored retirement plans as permitted by the Code. We reserve the right not to accept any transfer or rollover.
- 9.15 Liquidation of Assets We have the right to liquidate assets in your inherited Roth IRA if necessary to make distributions or to pay fees, expenses, taxes, penalties, or surrender charges properly chargeable against your inherited Roth IRA. If you fail to direct us as to which assets to liquidate, we will decide, in our complete and sole discretion, and you agree to not hold us liable for any adverse consequences that result from our decision.
- 9.16 **Restrictions on the Fund** Neither you nor any successor beneficiary may sell, transfer, or pledge any interest in your inherited Roth IRA in any manner whatsoever, except as provided by law or this agreement.

The assets in your inherited Roth IRA will not be responsible for the debts, contracts, or torts of any person entitled to distributions under this agreement.

9.17 What Law Applies – This agreement is subject to all applicable federal and state laws and regulations. If it is necessary to apply any state law to interpret and administer this agreement, the law of Nebraska will govern.

If any part of this agreement is held to be illegal or invalid, the remaining parts will not be affected. Neither your nor our failure to enforce at any time or for any period of time any of the provisions of this agreement will be construed as a waiver of such provisions, or your right or our right thereafter to enforce each and every such provision.

9.18 Arbitration - YOU AGREE THAT ALL CLAIMS AND DISPUTES OF EVERY TYPE AND MATTER WHICH MAY ARISE UNDER THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO BINDING ARBITRATION BEFORE A PANEL OF ARBITRATORS (AS DESCRIBED BELOW), OF AND PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AMERICAN ARBITRATION ASSOCIATION ("AAA"). SUCH ARBITRATION HEARINGS AND PROCEEDINGS SHALL TAKE PLACE ONLY IN DOUGLAS COUNTY, NEBRASKA OR ANOTHER SITE SELECTED BY US IN OUR SOLE DISCRETION AND THIS ARBITRATION PROVISION AND THE ARBITRATION SHALL BE ADMINISTERED BY THE AAA PURSUANT TO AND CONSTRUED AND ENFORCED UNDER THE FEDERAL ARBITRATION ACT (TITLE 9 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE) ("FAA"). IF THE FAA IS INAPPLICABLE FOR ANY REASON, SUCH ARBITRATION SHALL BE CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO NEBRASKA LAW. THERE SHALL BE NO CLASS ACTION, CLASS OR CONSOLIDATED ARBITRATION AND THE PREVAILING PARTY IN ANY CLAIM OR DISPUTE OF ANY TYPE SHALL RECOVER REASONABLE ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS AND EXPENSES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ARBITRATION FILING FEES, ARBITRATORS' FEES, AND OTHER ARBITRATION FEES. ANY ARBITRATION PROCEEDING SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY A PANEL OF THREE NEUTRAL ARBITRATORS SELECTED BY THE PARTIES UNLESS THE PARTIES AGREE OTHERWISE. IF ARBITRATION IS REQUESTED AS DESCRIBED ABOVE, BOTH YOU AND US EXPRESSLY WAIVE ANY RIGHT TO INSTITUTE OR CONDUCT LITIGATION OR ARBITRATION BEFORE ANY OTHER BODY OR TRIBUNAL. THE PARTIES FURTHER AGREE THAT IF A PARTY IS REQUIRED TO ENFORCE THIS ARBITRATION AGREEMENT AGAINST THE OTHER PARTY AND/OR TO COMPEL THE OTHER PARTY TO ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO THIS AGREEMENT, THE PARTY SHALL RECOVER FROM THE OTHER PARTY REASONABLE ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS AND EXPENSES SO INCURRED. ARBITRATION SHALL BE FINAL AND BINDING UPON THE PARTIES.

9.19 Limitation of Liability — WE SHALL BE UNDER NO DUTIES WHATSOEVER EXCEPT SUCH DUTIES AS ARE SPECIFICALLY SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT. WE SHALL BE FULLY PROTECTED IN ACTING UPON ANY INSTRUMENT, CERTIFICATE, OR PAPER BELIEVED BY US TO BE GENUINE AND TO BE SIGNED OR PRESENTED BY THE PROPER PERSON OR PERSONS, AND THE WE SHALL BE UNDER NO DUTY TO MAKE ANY INVESTIGATION OR INQUIRY AS TO ANY STATEMENT CONTAINED IN ANY SUCH WRITING BUT MAY ACCEPT THE SAME AS CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE OF THE TRUTH AND ACCURACY OF THE STATEMENTS THEREIN CONTAINED. YOU SHALL AT ALL TIMES INDEMNIFY AND HOLD US HARMLESS FROM ANY LIABILITY WHICH MAY ARISE HEREUNDER EXCEPT LIABILITY ARISING FROM OUR GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR WILLFUL MISCONDUCT.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

PURPOSE OF FORM

Form 5305-RA is a model custodial account agreement that meets the requirements of section 408A. However, only Articles I through VIII have been reviewed by the IRS. A Roth individual retirement account (Roth IRA) is established after the form is fully executed by both the individual (depositor) and the custodian. This account must be created in the United States for the exclusive benefit of the depositor and his or her beneficiaries.

Do not file Form 5305-RA with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records.

Unlike contributions to Traditional individual retirement arrangements, contributions to a Roth IRA are not deductible from the depositor's gross income; and distributions after five years that are made when the depositor is 59½ years of age or older or on account of death, disability, or the purchase of a home by a first-time homebuyer (limited to \$10,000), are not includible in gross income. For more information on Roth IRAs, including the required disclosures the custodian must give the depositor, see Pub. 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), and Pub. 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

DEFINITIONS

Custodian – The custodian must be a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in section 408(n), or any person who has the approval of the IRS to act as custodian.

Depositor – The depositor is the person who establishes the custodial account.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Article I – The depositor may be subject to a six percent tax on excess contributions if (1) contributions to other individual retirement arrangements of the depositor have been made for the same tax year, (2) the depositor's adjusted gross income exceeds the applicable limits in Article II for the tax year, or (3) the depositor's and spouse's compensation is less than the amount contributed by or on behalf of them for the tax year.

Article V – This article describes how distributions will be made from the Roth IRA after the depositor's death. Elections made pursuant to this article should be reviewed periodically to ensure they correspond to the depositor's intent. Under paragraph three of Article V, the depositor's spouse is treated as the owner of the Roth IRA upon the death of the depositor, rather than as the beneficiary. If the spouse is to be treated as the beneficiary and not the owner, an overriding provision should be added to Article IX.

Article IX — Article IX and any that follow it may incorporate additional provisions that are agreed to by the depositor and custodian to complete the agreement. They may include, for example, definitions, investment powers, voting rights, exculpatory provisions, amendment and termination, removal of the custodian, custodian's fees, state law requirements, beginning date of distributions, accepting only cash, treatment of excess contributions, prohibited transactions with the depositor, etc. Attach additional pages if necessary.

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

RIGHT TO REVOKE YOUR INHERITED ROTH IRA

You have the right to revoke your inherited Roth IRA within seven days of the receipt of the disclosure statement. If revoked, you are entitled to a full return of the contribution you made to your inherited Roth IRA. The amount returned to you would not include an adjustment for such items as sales commissions, administrative expenses, or fluctuation in market value. You may make this revocation only by mailing or delivering a written notice to the custodian at the address listed on the application.

If you send your notice by first class mail, your revocation will be deemed mailed as of the postmark date.

If you have any questions about the procedure for revoking your inherited Roth IRA, please call the custodian at the telephone number listed on the application.

REQUIREMENTS OF AN INHERITED ROTH IRA

- A. Form of Contribution Your contribution must be either a rollover contribution from an eligible inherited employer-sponsored retirement plan or a transfer contribution from an inherited Roth IRA. Your rollover or transfer contribution may be in cash and/or property.
- B. **Contribution Restrictions** You may not make regular contributions to your inherited Roth IRA.
- C. Nonforfeitability Your interest in your inherited Roth IRA is nonforfeitable.
- D. Eligible Custodians The custodian of your inherited Roth IRA must be a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or a person or entity approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- E. Commingling Assets The assets of your inherited Roth IRA cannot be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.
- F. Life Insurance No portion of your inherited Roth IRA may be invested in life insurance contracts.
- G. Collectibles You may not invest the assets of your inherited Roth IRA in collectibles (within the meaning of IRC Sec. 408(m)). A collectible is defined as any work of art, rug or antique, metal or gem, stamp or coin, alcoholic beverage, or other tangible personal property specified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). However, specially minted United States gold and silver coins, and certain state-issued coins are permissible investments. Platinum coins and certain gold, silver, platinum, or palladium bullion (as described in IRC Sec. 408(m)(3)) are also permitted as inherited Roth IRA investments.
- H. Required Minimum Distributions You are required to take minimum distributions from your inherited Roth IRA at certain times in accordance with Treasury Regulation 1.408-8. The calculation of the required minimum distribution is based, in part, on determining the original owner's designated beneficiary. A designated beneficiary is determined based on the beneficiaries designated as of the date of the original owner's death, who remain beneficiaries as of September 30 of the year following the year of the original owner's death. Any payment elections you either made or defaulted to under an inherited retirement plan or Roth IRA generally carry over to this inherited Roth IRA. Below is a summary of the inherited Roth IRA distribution rules.

If you fail to remove a required minimum distribution, an additional penalty tax of 50 percent is imposed on the amount of the required minimum distribution that should have been taken but was not. You must file IRS Form 5329 along with your income tax return to report and remit any additional taxes to the IRS.

Death of Original Owner Before January 1, 2020

- 1. If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employer-sponsored retirement plan participant, and the original participant died
 - (a) on or after his or her required beginning date, distributions must be made to you over the longer of your single life expectancy, or the original participant's remaining life expectancy. If the original participant's designated beneficiary was not an individual or qualified trust as defined in the Treasury Regulations, the original employer-sponsored retirement plan will be treated as having no designated beneficiary for purposes of determining the distribution period. If there is no designated beneficiary of the original employer-sponsored retirement plan, distributions will commence using the original participant's single life expectancy, reduced by one in each subsequent year.
 - (b) before his or her required beginning date, the entire amount remaining in the account will, at your election, either
 - (i) be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original participant's death, or
 - (ii) be distributed over your remaining life expectancy.

If the original participant's spouse is the sole designated beneficiary, he or she must elect either option (i) or (ii) by the earlier of December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original participant's death, or December 31 of the year life expectancy payments would be required to begin. A designated beneficiary of the original participant, other than a spouse who is the sole designated beneficiary, must elect either option (i) or (ii) by December 31 of the year following the year of the original participant's death. If no election is made, the distribution will be calculated in accordance with option (ii). In the case of distributions under option (ii), distributions must commence by December 31 of the year following the year of the original participant's death. Generally, if the original participant's spouse is the designated beneficiary, distributions need not commence until December 31 of the year the original participant would have attained age 72 (70½ if the original participant would have attained 70½ before 2020), if later.

If the original participant's designated beneficiary is not an individual or qualified trust as defined in the Treasury Regulations, the original retirement plan will be treated as having no designated beneficiaries for purposes of determining the distribution period. If there is no designated beneficiary of the original retirement plan, the entire inherited Roth IRA must be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original participant's death.

If you have inherited a qualified retirement plan, 403(a) annuity, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, or 457(b) governmental deferred compensation plan and have either elected or defaulted to payments under the five-year rule, you may change to a life expectancy payment election if, by December 31 of the year following the year of the original owner's death, you remove a life expectancy-based payment before rolling over the remaining assets to your inherited Roth IRA.

- If you are the beneficiary of a deceased Roth IRA owner, the entire amount remaining in the inherited account will, at your election, either
 - (a) be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original Roth IRA owner's death, or
 - (b) be distributed over your remaining life expectancy.

If you are a spouse who is the sole designated beneficiary of a Roth IRA owner, you must elect either option (a) or (b) by the earlier of December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original owner's death, or December 31 of the year life expectancy payments would be required to begin. If you are a designated beneficiary of the original Roth IRA owner, other than a spouse who is the sole designated beneficiary, you must elect either option (a) or (b) by December 31 of the year following the year of the original Roth IRA owner's death. If no election is made, the distribution will be calculated in accordance with option (b). In the case of distributions under option (b), distributions must commence by December 31 of the year following the year of the original Roth IRA owner's death. Generally, if the original Roth IRA owner's spouse is the designated beneficiary, distributions need not commence until December 31 of the year the original Roth IRA owner would have attained age 72 (70½ if the original Roth IRA owner would have attained 70½ before 2020), if later.

If the original Roth IRA owner's designated beneficiary is not an individual or qualified trust as defined in the Treasury Regulations, the original Roth IRA will be treated as having no designated beneficiaries for purposes of determining the distribution period. If there is no designated beneficiary of the original Roth IRA, the entire inherited Roth IRA must be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original Roth IRA owner's death.

- If you have elected to take life expectancy payments and fail to request your required minimum distribution by December 31, we reserve the right to do any one of the following.
 - (a) Make no distribution until you give us a proper withdrawal request
 - (b) Distribute your entire inherited Roth IRA to you in a single sum payment
 - (c) Determine your required minimum distribution each year based on your life expectancy calculated using the Single Life Expectancy Table, and pay those distributions to you until you direct otherwise

Death of Original Owner On or After January 1, 2020

The entire amount remaining in your account will generally be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the tenth anniversary of the original owner's death unless you are an eligible designated beneficiary or the account has no designated beneficiary for purposes of determining a distribution period.

If you are an eligible designated beneficiary, the entire amount remaining in your account may be distributed (in accordance with the Treasury Regulations) over your remaining life expectancy (or over a period not extending beyond your life expectancy).

An eligible designated beneficiary is any designated beneficiary who is

- the original owner's surviving spouse,
- the original owner's child who has not reached the age of majority,
- disabled (A physician must determine that your impairment can be expected to result in death or to be of long, continued, and indefinite duration.),
- an individual who is not more than 10 years younger than the original owner, or
- chronically ill (A chronically ill individual is someone who (1) is
 unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another
 individual) at least two activities of daily living for an indefinite
 period due to a loss of functional capacity, (2) has a level of
 disability similar to the level of disability described above requiring
 assistance with daily living based on loss of functional capacity, or
 (3) requires substantial supervision to protect the individual from
 threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment.)

Note that certain trust beneficiaries (e.g., certain trusts for disabled and chronically ill individuals) may take distribution of the entire amount remaining in the account over the remaining life expectancy of the trust beneficiary.

Generally, life expectancy distributions to an eligible designated beneficiary must commence by December 31 of the year following the year of the original owner's death. However, if the original owner's spouse is the eligible designated beneficiary, distributions need not commence until December 31 of the year the original owner would have attained age 72, if later. If the eligible designated beneficiary is the original owner's minor child, life expectancy payments must begin by December 31 of the year following the year of the original owner's death and continue until the child reaches the age of majority. Once the age of majority is reached, the beneficiary will have 10 years to deplete the account.

If a beneficiary other than a person (e.g., the original owner's estate, a charity, or a certain type of trust) is named, the original owner will be treated as having no designated beneficiary of the Roth IRA for purposes of determining the distribution period. If there is no designated beneficiary of the Roth IRA, the entire Roth IRA must be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the original owner's death.

I. Waiver of 2020 RMD – In spite of the general rules described above, you are not required to take a life expectancy payment from your inherited Roth IRA for calendar year 2020. In addition, if the five-year rule applies to your inherited Roth IRA, the five-year period is determined without regard to calendar year 2020. For example, if the original Roth IRA owner died in 2017, your five-year period will end in 2023 instead of 2022.

INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF ESTABLISHING AN INHERITED ROTH IRA

- A. Tax-Deferred Earnings The investment earnings of your inherited Roth IRA are not subject to federal income tax as they accumulate in your inherited Roth IRA. In addition, distributions of your inherited Roth IRA earnings will be free from federal income tax if you take a qualified distribution, as described below.
- B. **Taxation of Distributions** The taxation of inherited Roth IRA distributions depends on whether the distribution is a qualified distribution or a nonqualified distribution.
 - Qualified Distribution. A qualified distribution is a distribution that is made after the expiration of a five-year period. Qualified distributions from your inherited Roth IRA are not included in your income.
 - 2. Nonqualified Distribution. If you have not satisfied the five-year period for a qualified distribution, any earnings you withdraw from your inherited Roth IRA will be included in your gross income. When you take a distribution from the inherited Roth IRA, the amounts the original owner contributed to a Roth IRA, Roth 401(k), Roth 403(b), or governmental Roth 457(b) as Roth elective deferrals or Roth IRA contributions, will be deemed to be removed first, followed by conversion and employer-sponsored retirement plan rollover contributions the original owner made to a Roth IRA on a first-in, first-out basis. Therefore, your nonqualified distributions will not be taxable to you until your withdrawals exceed the amount of the regular contributions, conversion, and employer-sponsored retirement plan rollovers. These "ordering rules" are complex. If you have any questions regarding the taxation of distributions from your inherited Roth IRA, see a competent tax advisor.
- C. Income Tax Withholding Any nonqualified withdrawal of earnings from your inherited Roth IRA may be subject to federal income tax withholding. You may, however, elect not to have withholding apply to your inherited Roth IRA withdrawal. If withholding is applied to your withdrawal, not less than 10 percent of the amount withdrawn must be withheld.

- D. Early Distribution Penalty Tax No 10 percent early distribution penalty tax will apply to the inherited Roth IRA distribution because the distribution is due to the death of the original owner.
- E. Rollovers and Transfers Your inherited Roth IRA may receive multiple rollover contributions from inherited qualified retirement plans, 403(a) annuity plans, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity plans, or 457(b) governmental deferred compensation plans, or multiple transfers from inherited Roth IRAs. In order to combine these inherited retirement assets in the same inherited Roth IRA, you must have inherited the assets from the same owner and they must have been subject to the same beneficiary payment elections and calculation methods as under the receiving inherited Roth IRA. Rollover is a term used to describe a direct movement of cash or other property to your inherited Roth IRA from an eligible retirement plan that you have inherited as an eligible beneficiary. The rollover and transfer rules are generally summarized below. These transactions are often complex. If you have any questions regarding a rollover or transfer, please see a competent tax advisor.
 - Roth IRA-to-Inherited Roth IRA Transfers. Assets you have inherited from a deceased Roth IRA owner may be directly transferred to an inherited Roth IRA.
 - 2. Rollovers from 401(k) or 403(b) Plans Containing Roth Elective Deferrals to an Inherited Roth IRA. If you are a nonspouse beneficiary or the trustee of an eligible type of trust named as beneficiary of a deceased 401(k), 403(b), or governmental 457(b) plan participant who had made Roth elective deferrals to the plan, you may directly roll over the Roth elective deferrals, and their earnings, to an inherited Roth IRA, as permitted by the IRS. If you are a spouse beneficiary, you may either directly or indirectly roll over assets from an eligible inherited employer-sponsored retirement plan to an inherited Roth IRA. Regardless of the method of rollover, the Roth IRA must be maintained as an inherited Roth IRA, subject to the beneficiary distribution requirements. Roth elective deferrals may not be rolled over to an inherited Traditional IRA.
 - Rollovers from Eligible Retirement Plans Without Roth Elective Deferrals to an Inherited Roth IRA. If you are a nonspouse beneficiary or the trustee of an eligible type of trust named as beneficiary of a deceased employer-sponsored retirement plan participant, you may directly roll over any inherited assets eligible for rollover from a qualified retirement plan, 403(a) annuity, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, or 457(b) governmental deferred compensation plan to an inherited Roth IRA, as permitted by the IRS. If you are a spouse beneficiary, you may either directly or indirectly roll over assets from an eligible inherited employersponsored retirement plan to an inherited Roth IRA, as permitted by the IRS. The amount of the rollover from the retirement plan will be treated as a distribution for income tax purposes, and is includible in your gross income (except for any after-tax contributions). Although the rollover amount generally is included in income, the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax will not apply to rollovers from an eligible retirement plan to an inherited Roth IRA.
 - 4. Written Election. At the time you make a rollover to an inherited Roth IRA, you must designate in writing to the custodian your election to treat that contribution as a rollover. Once made, the election is irrevocable.

LIMITATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- A. Gift Tax Transfers of your inherited Roth IRA assets to a successor beneficiary made during your life and at your request may be subject to federal gift tax under IRC Sec. 2501.
- B. Special Tax Treatment Capital gains treatment and 10-year income averaging authorized by IRC Sec. 402 do not apply to inherited Roth IRA distributions.

- C. Prohibited Transactions If you or any successor beneficiary engage in a prohibited transaction with your inherited Roth IRA, as described in IRC Sec. 4975, your inherited Roth IRA will lose its tax-deferred or tax-exempt status, and you generally must include the value of the earnings in your account in your gross income for that taxable year. The following transactions are examples of prohibited transactions with your inherited Roth IRA. (1) Taking a loan from your inherited Roth IRA (2) Buying property for personal use (present or future) with inherited Roth IRA assets (3) Receiving certain bonuses or premiums because of your inherited Roth IRA.
- D. Pledging If you pledge any portion of your inherited Roth IRA as collateral for a loan, the amount so pledged will be treated as a distribution and may be included in your gross income for that year.

OTHER

- A. IRS Plan Approval Articles I through VIII of the agreement used to establish this inherited Roth IRA have been approved by the IRS. The IRS approval is a determination only as to form. It is not an endorsement of the plan in operation or of the investments offered.
- B. Additional Information For further information on Roth IRAs, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), or Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), by calling 800-TAX-FORM, or by visiting www.irs.gov on the Internet.
- C. Important Information About Procedures for Opening a New Account To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial organizations to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. Therefore, when you open an inherited Roth IRA, you are required to provide your name, residential address, date of birth, and identification number. We may require other information that will allow us to identify you.
- D. Qualified Charitable Distributions If you are age 70½ or older, you may be eligible to take tax-free inherited Roth IRA distributions of up to \$100,000 per year and have these distributions paid directly to certain charitable organizations. Special tax rules may apply. For further detailed information you may obtain IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), from the IRS or refer to the IRS website at www.irs.gov.
- E. Coronavirus-Related Distributions (CRDs). If you qualify, you may withdraw up to \$100,000 in aggregate from your IRAs and eligible retirement plans as a CRD, without paying the 10 percent early distribution penalty tax. You are a qualified individual if you (or your spouse or dependent) is diagnosed with the COVID-19 disease or the SARS-CoV-2 virus in an approved test; or if you have experienced adverse financial consequences as a result of being quarantined, being furloughed or laid off or having work hours reduced due to such virus or disease, being unable to work due to lack of child care due to such virus or disease, closing or reduced hours of a business owned or operated by you due to such virus or disease, or other factors as determined by the IRS. A CRD must be made on or after January 1, 2020, and before December 31, 2020.

CRDs will be taxed ratably over a three-year period, unless you elect otherwise. If you are a spouse beneficiary, you may repay these distributions over three years beginning with the day following the day a CRD is made. Repayments may be made to your eligible retirement plan or IRA.

An eligible retirement plan is defined as a qualified retirement plan, 403(a) annuity, 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity, 457(b) eligible governmental deferred compensation plan, or an IRA.



The value of your inherited IRA will be dependent solely upon the performance of any investment instrument used to fund your inherited IRA. Therefore, no projection of the growth of your inherited IRA can reasonably be shown or guaranteed.

Terms and conditions of the inherited IRA that affect your investment are listed below.

INVESTMENT OPTIONS

You may direct the investment of your funds within this inherited IRA into any investment instrument offered by or through the Custodian. The Custodian will not exercise any investment discretion regarding your inherited IRA, as this is solely your responsibility.

FEES

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- Sales Commissions
- Set Up Fees
- Investment Management Fees
- Annual Maintenance Fees
- Distribution Fees
- Surrender or Termination Fees

To find out what fees apply, refer to the investment prospectus or contract.

There may be certain fees and charges connected with the inherited IRA itself. (Select and complete as applicable.)

Ķ.	Annual Custodial Service Fee	\$25.00
	Transfer Fee	
	Distribution Fee	
	Removal of Excess Fee	
	Conversion/Recharacterization	

We reserve the right to change any of the above fees after notice to you, as provided in your inherited IRA agreement.

EARNINGS

The method for computing and allocating annual earnings (e.g., interest, dividends) on your inherited IRA will differ based on the nature and issuer of the investments chosen. Refer to the investment prospectus or contract for the methods used for computing and allocating annual earnings.

OTHER

Other terms or conditions that apply to your inherited IRA include the following.

^{*}The annual custodial fee will be borne by your Investment Advisor.



Department of the Treasure

City or town, state, and ZIP code

Internal Revenue Service

Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments and Eligible Rollover Distributions

Give Form W-4R to the payer of your retirement payments.

OMB No. 1545-0074

1a First name and middle initial	Last name	1b Social security number
Address		

Your withholding rate is determined by the type of payment you will receive.

- For nonperiodic payments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% and 100% on line 2. Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.
- For an eligible rollover distribution, the default withholding rate is 20%. You can choose a rate greater than 20% by entering the rate on line 2. You may not choose a rate less than 20%.

See page 2 for more information.

	Complete this line if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See the instructions on page 2 and the Marginal Rate Tables below for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals)	2	%
Sign Here		•	•
11010	Your signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.) Date		

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4R.

Purpose of form. Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment or eligible rollover distribution from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See page 2 for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment. Don't use Form W-4R for periodic payments (payments made in installments at regular

intervals over a period of more than 1 year) from these plans or arrangements. Instead, use Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Periodic Pension or Annuity Payments. For more information on withholding, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Caution: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

2025 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See page 2 for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married filing separately		Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving spouse		Head of household	
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
15,000	10%	30,000	10%	22,500	10%
26,925	12%	53,850	12%	39,500	12%
63,475	22 %	126,950	22 %	87,350	22 %
118,350	24 %	236,700	24%	125,850	24 %
212,300	32 %	424,600	32 %	219,800	32 %
265,525	35 %	531,050	35 %	273,000	35 %
641,350*	37%	781,600	37%	648,850	37%

^{*}If married filing separately, use \$390,800 instead for this 37% rate.

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General Instructions (continued)

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments unless you enter a different rate on line 2. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" on line 2. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.

Note: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2025, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Eligible rollover distributions - 20% withholding.

Distributions you receive from qualified retirement plans (for example, 401(k) plans and section 457(b) plans maintained by a governmental employer) or tax-sheltered annuities that are eligible to be rolled over to an IRA or qualified plan are subject to a 20% default rate of withholding on the taxable amount of the distribution. You can't choose withholding at a rate of less than 20% (including "-0-"). Note that the default rate of withholding may be too low for your tax situation. You may choose to enter a rate higher than 20% on line 2. Don't give Form W-4R to your payer unless you want more than 20% withheld.

Note that the following payments are **not** eligible rollover distributions for purposes of these withholding rules:

- Qualifying "hardship" distributions;
- Distributions required by federal law, such as required minimum distributions;
- Distributions from a pension-linked emergency savings account;
- Eligible distributions to a domestic abuse victim;
- Qualified disaster recovery distributions;
- · Qualified birth or adoption distributions; and
- Emergency personal expense distributions.

See Pub. 505 for details. See also *Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding* above.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" on line 2. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Specific Instructions

Line 1b

For an estate, enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Social security number."

Line 2

More withholding. If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate on line 2

Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate on line 2 (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables on page 1 to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate on line 2. (See *Example 2* below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate on line 2.

Examples. Assume the following facts for *Examples 1* and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

Example 1. You expect your total income to be \$65,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$65,000, is greater than \$63,475 but less than \$118,350, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$85,000, is greater than \$63,475 but less than \$118,350, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" on line 2.

Example 2. You expect your total income to be \$61,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$61,000, is greater than \$26,925 but less than \$63,475, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$81,000, is

Form W-4R (2025)

greater than \$63,475 but less than \$118,350, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$2,475 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$63,475 less your total income of \$61,000 without the payment), and \$17,525 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$2,475 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$2,475 by 12% to get \$297. Multiply \$17,525 by 22% to get \$3,856. The sum of these two amounts is \$4,153. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 21% of the \$20,000 payment (\$4,153 divided by \$20,000). Enter "21" on line 2.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request additional federal income tax withholding from your nonperiodic payment(s) or eligible rollover distribution(s); (b) choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your nonperiodic payment(s), when permitted; or (c) change a previous Form W-4R (or a previous Form W-4P that you completed with respect to your nonperiodic payments or eligible rollover distributions). To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s).

Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your payment(s) being subject to the default rate; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

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Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.









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